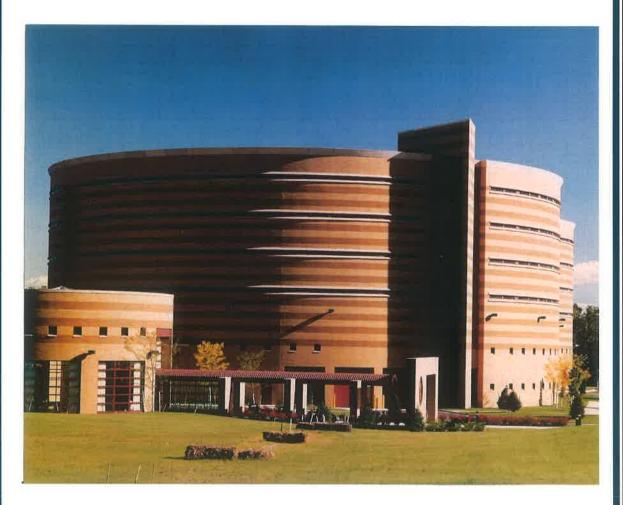
"Measuring What Matters"

Kent County Correctional Facility 2015 Annual Statistical Report



http://www.accesskent.com/Sheriff/reports.htm

Published on March 21, 2016



KENT COUNTY SHERIFF DEPARTMENT Lawrence A. Stelma – Sheriff

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49503

701 Ball Avenue, N.E. • Grand Rapids • Michigan • 49503

March 2016

There are a couple changes to this year's report. One we have included some statistics to comply with a Federal Standard known as PREA (Prison Rape Elimination Act). As we continue to create procedures and get all staff trained in this new standard, the jail continues to progress toward becoming a safer place for our staff as well as the inmates.

The work release building was demolished and the inmates moved back into the main jail. This has increased our overall capacity and the amount of inmates within the jail. Despite these additional inmates, inmate on inmate fights and assaults were at an all time low.

The mentally ill continue to make up a large portion of our inmate population. Our mental health staff continues to look as ways to reduce recidivism among this population by working with community groups for after release care and follow up.

- Nearly 7,800 inmates were assessed by our mental health staff in 2015
- 300 inmates were referred for services in the community
- 30% of the population is on some type of psychotropic medication. This is twice as many inmates then 10 years ago.

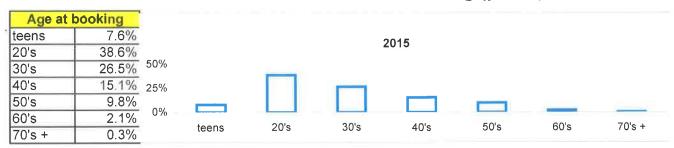
It is a pleasure to present this Annual Statistical Report for the year 2015. The goal is to provide accurate, interesting and representative information to Sheriff's Department staff, criminal justice planners, and community members who are interested in the operation of the county jail. I trust you will find this report to be a helpful source of data in the months ahead.

The report is organized to make the information accessible to the readers. You will notice that it has three general types of statistics. Inmate profile statistics depict an overall profile of the inmate population and correctional facility staff. Inmate population statistics address the topics of how many inmates are coming in, where are they coming from, why they are here, how long are they staying, and some of the programs and services provided to them. Incident statistics allow us to evaluate the behavior of the inmate population while they are in jail.

The aim is to make these reports as functional as possible by including only the information that seems to be of general interest. I realize that this document will not answer every question. If you have further questions, please contact me and I will try to provide any additional information you need about the inmate population or facility operation. I value your comments and suggestions for future reports.

Captain Mark Neumen

Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 1)

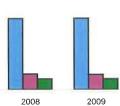


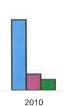
Marital status	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
single	72.9%	73.3%	72.5%	73.7%	74.2%	74.3%	74.4%	74.6%
married	16.0%	15.5%	16.6%	15.1%	15.0%	14.8%	14.9%	14.2%
divorce	11.0%	11.2%	10.9%	11.2%	10.8%	10.9%	10.7%	11.2%

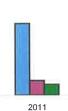


5 74%



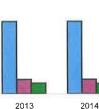


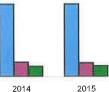




2008 through 2015



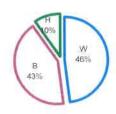


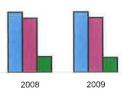


Race	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
white	45.8%	46.0%	47.2%	45.3%	46.2%	46.5%	46.8%	48.0%
black	41.3%	41.6%	40.8%	43.1%	42.7%	42.5%	43.2%	42.3%
hispanic	12.0%	11.3%	11.0%	10.8%	10.2%	11.0%	10.0%	9.7%

2015

2008 through 2015

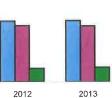








2011



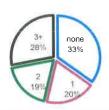


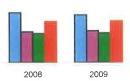
2015

# of children	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
none	33.1%	31.6%	32.2%	32.1%	32.5%	25.9%	37.2%	35.0%
one	20.4%	21.1%	20.5%	20.6%	20.2%	17.5%	18.3%	18.6%
two	19.2%	19.6%	19.6%	19.4%	18.9%	17.5%	17.7%	18.3%
three +	27.2%	27.7%	27.7%	27.9%	28.4%	39.1%	26.8%	28.1%

2015

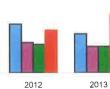
2008 through 2015















TrendSpotter! We have provided this kind of inmate profile information for several years and the tables point out some interesting differences and similarities. Those in their 20's and 30's account for 65% of all admissions. Once they reach their 40's there is a significant drop.

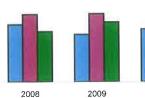
Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 2)

Shift arrested on	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
first	32.7%	27.1%	30.0%	30.3%	29.2%	29.3%	29.0%	29.4%
second	38.5%	38.8%	39.1%	38.1%	39.8%	39.9%	40.2%	40.2%
third	28.7%	34.1%	31.0%	31.6%	31.0%	30.8%	30.8%	30.4%



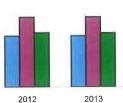
2008 through 2015













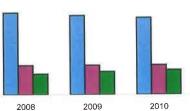


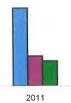
# of charges	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
one	62.0%	60.0%	58.4%	58.7%	59.0%	57.7%	63.2%	65.3%
two	22.3%	22.4%	22.7%	22.5%	22.3%	26.8%	20.7%	19.5%
three +	15.7%	17.6%	18.9%	18.8%	18.7%	15.5%	16.1%	15.2%

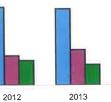
2015

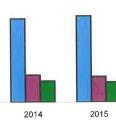
2008 through 2015







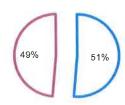


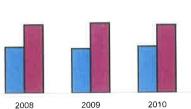


Occupation	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
ves	40.4%	38.9%	40.60%	42.6%	44.4%	46.0%	50.5%	51.4%
no	59.6%	61.1%	59.4%	57.4%	55.6%	54.0%	49.5%	48.6%

2015

2008 through 2015







2011





2013

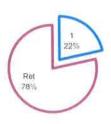


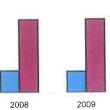
1		I
	100	
		ı
	2015	

Recidivism	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
1st time	23.1%	22.4%	19.0%	22.2%	21.8%	21.7%	22.3%	21.6%
returning	76.9%	77.6%	81.0%	77.8%	78.2%	78.3%	77.7%	78.4%

2015

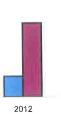
2008 through 2015



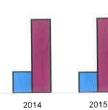










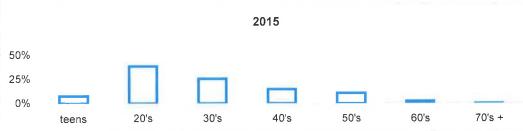


Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 3)

						oking (0011	
Gen		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
ma		78.6%	77.1%	77.3%	77.3%	76.7%	76.0%	74.9%	74.0%
fem	ale	21.4%	22.9%	22.7%	22.7%	23.3%	24.0%	25.1%	26.0%
Avenue	Cton I	2000	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Averag ma		2008 12.9	12.5	11.8	12	12.9	13.7	11.4	12.2
fem		7.9	7.1	7.2	6.5	7.1	8.3	6.8	8.3
toge		11.8	11.2	10.8	10.5	11.6	12.4	10.3	11.2
toge	tilei	11.0	11.2	10.0	10.0	1 11.0		10.0	
Age	2012	2013	2014	2015	Age	2012	2013	2014	2015
15	1	3	7		15				
16	15	10	15	10	16	1	1	1	1
17	623	584	494	504	17	14.			
18	793	780	661	624	18				
19	938	849	794	640			10.000		1
20	1020	870	809	758					
21	1157	986	883	873					
22	1190	1074	1029		22				
23	1121	1075	1055	983				,	N-
24	1039	1026	1070	991					
25	1014	952	994	1032					
26	982	862	903	911					
27	921	837	896	930 868					
28	815	809 850	828 781	884					
29 30	817 732	761	767	812					
31	706	660	757	738					
32	745	718	671	744					
33	620	667	661	688					
34	619	590	618	650					
35	570	586	604	651		1000000			
36	430	490	546	632			(400000)		
37	468	422	475	535	37				
38	468	401	413	477	38				
39	467	420	411	331					
40	437	439							
41	456	388	396	403					
42	440	431	369						
43	389	355	436						
44	411	352	408						
45	370	322 339	343 359						
46 47	344 408	339	359						
48	392	305	329						
49	392	362	358						
50	286	316	336						
51	307	283	265						
52	270	297	259						
53	289	249	280						
54	255	249	230						
55	188	218	169						
56	164	196	179		56				
57	128		148		57	п			
58	113		129		58				
59	133		114		59	0	0		
60	55	92	82	130	60	0		1	

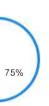
Profile of Male Inmates at Time of Booking (part 1)



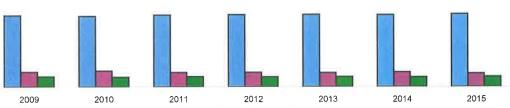


Marital status	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
single	73.2%	73.8%	73.0%	74.2%	74.5%	74.8%	74.4%	75.2%
married	16.4%	15.6%	16.6%	15.0%	15.1%	14.7%	15.4%	14.1%
divorce	10.4%	10.6%	10.3%	10.8%	10.4%	10.5%	10.2%	10.7%

2015







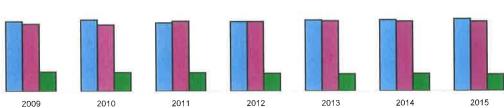
2008 through 2015

Race	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
white	44.0%	44.1%	45.2%	43.3%	43.9%	44.9%	45.0%	45.6%
black	42.0%	42.5%	42.0%	44.2%	44.0%	44.3%	44.0%	43.9%
hispanic	13.2%	12.3%	11.9%	11.7%	11.2%	10.8%	11.0%	10.5%

2015







2008 through 2015

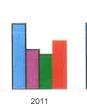
# of children	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
none	36.0%	34.1%	34.8%	34.8%	35.1%	32.7%	35.6%	36.2%
one	20.8%	21.7%	21.3%	21.1%	20.5%	20.7%	19.8%	19.6%
two	18.3%	18.9%	18.3%	18.5%	18.1%	19.5%	18.2%	17.5%
three +	24.9%	25.4%	25.6%	25.7%	26.4%	27.1%	26.4%	26.7%

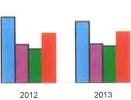
2015



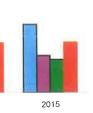












TrendSpotter! This page contains information about male offenders from this year and previous years. The tables point out some interesting similarities between this year and prior years.

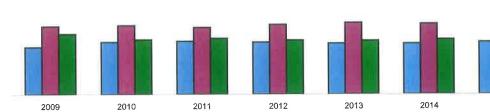
Profile of Male Inmates at Time of Booking (part 2)

Shift arrested on	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
first	32.6%	26.9%	29.70%	30.2%	29.6%	28.9%	28.8%	29.6%
second	38.5%	38.8%	39.18%	38.0%	39.7%	40.6%	40.0%	39.6%
third	28.9%	34.4%	31.13%	31.8%	30.7%	30.5%	31.2%	30.8%

2015

2008 through 2015

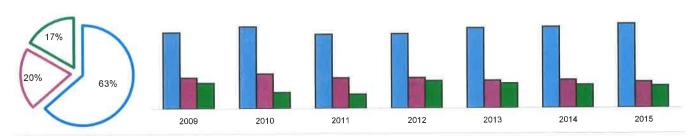




# of charges	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
one	59.6%	57.5%	61.75%	56.0%	56.4%	60.6%	61.3%	63.5%
two	23.1%	23.2%	26.16%	23.0%	23.0%	20.8%	21.2%	19.8%
three +	17.2%	19.3%	12.09%	10.7%	20.7%	18.6%	17.5%	16.7%

2015

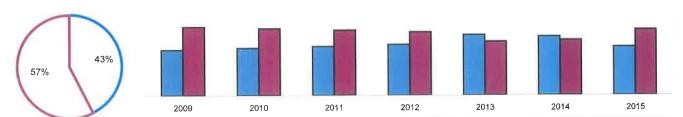
2008 through 2015



Occupation	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
yes	44.7%	40.0%	41.50%	42.9%	44.6%	52.9%	51.5%	42.5%
no	55.3%	60.0%	58.50%	57.1%	55.4%	47.1%	48.5%	57.5%

2015

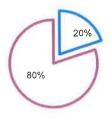
2008 through 2015

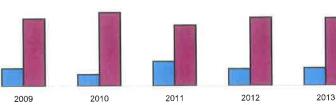


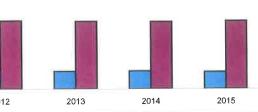
Recidivism	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
1st time	21.7%	20.9%	13.7%	28.8%	20.0%	20.8%	21.1%	20.1%
returning	78.3%	79.1%	86.3%	71.2%	80.0%	79.2%	78.9%	79.9%

2015

2008 through 2015



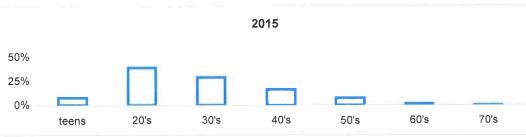




2015

Profile of Female Inmates at Time of Booking (part 1)

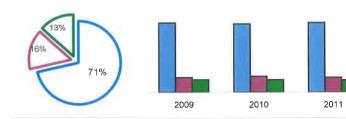


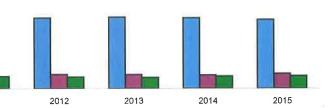


Marital status	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
single	71.7%	71.8%	70.6%	71.9%	73.2%	73.9%	73.0%	71.3%
married	14.9%	15.3%	16.4%	15.4%	14.7%	14.5%	14.1%	15.5%
divorce	13.4%	13.0%	13.0%	12.8%	12.1%	11.6%	12.9%	13.2%

2015

2008 through 2015

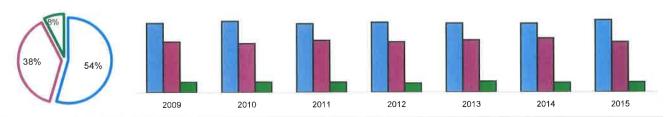




Race	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
white	52.0%	52.4%	53.9%	52.1%	53.0%	52.2%	52.0%	54.5%
black	38.7%	38.4%	37.1%	39.4%	38.1%	39.5%	40.9%	38.0%
hispanic	8.0%	7.9%	7.9%	7.7%	7.0%	8.3%	7.1%	7.5%

2015

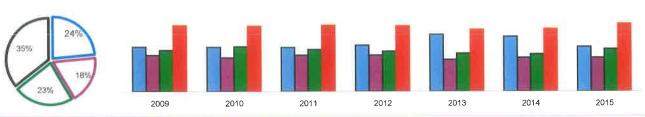
2008 through 2015



# of children	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
none	23.0%	23.7%	23.5%	23.4%	24.6%	30.2%	29.1%	23.7%
one	19.0%	19.3%	17.9%	19.2%	19.3%	16.9%	17.9%	17.9%
two	22.5%	21.9%	23.8%	22.3%	21.3%	20.2%	19.8%	22.5%
three +	35.5%	35.1%	34.8%	35.1%	34.8%	32.9%	33.2%	35.9%

2015

2008 through 2015



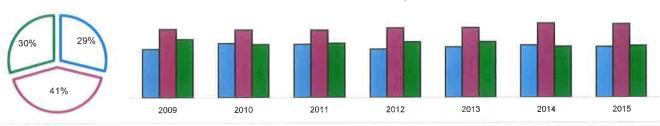
TrendSpotter! This page contains information about female offenders from this year and previous years. The tables point out some interesting similarities between this year and prior years.

Profile of Female Inmates at Time of Booking (part 2)

Shift arrested on	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
first	28.3%	27.8%	31.0%	30.5%	27.7%	28.8%	29.8%	28.8%
second	38.6%	39.0%	38.6%	38.5%	39.7%	39.7%	42.2%	41.7%
third	33.1%	33.3%	30.4%	31.0%	31.7%	31.7%	29.0%	29.5%



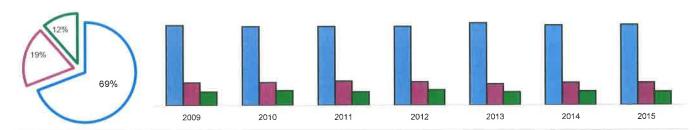
2008 through 2015



# of charges	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
one	70.5%	68.9%	67.7%	67.8%	67.8%	70.7%	68.7%	69.1%
two	19.2%	19.6%	19.7%	20.7%	20.1%	18.1%	19.3%	19.4%
three +	10.3%	11.6%	12.6%	11.5%	13.1%	11.2%	12.0%	11.5%

2015

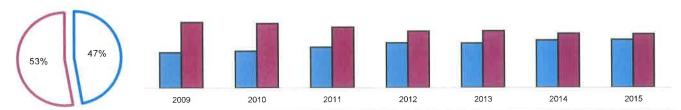
2008 through 2015



Occupation	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
yes	35.2%	35.1%	36.4%	40.2%	44.3%	43.9%	46.8%	47.2%
no	64.8%	64.9%	63.6%	59.8%	55.7%	56.1%	53.2%	52.8%

2015

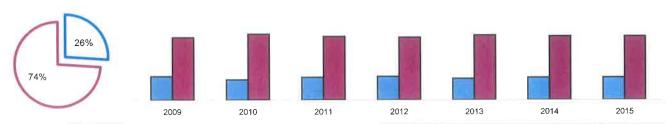
2008 through 2015



Recidivism	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
1st time	27.7%	27.6%	23.6%	26.4%	27.4%	24.9%	26.1%	26.2%
returning	72.3%	72.4%	76.4%	73.6%	72.6%	75.1%	73.9%	73.8%

2015

2008 through 2015



Interesting Random Facts About KCCF Inmates

Offender characteristics	male	female	together		
Average age	34	33	34		
Average number of kids	1.7	2	1.81		
Average grade completed	11.93	12.26	12.02		
Admit to belonging to a gang	0.00/	0.8%	5.3%		
Percentage who are born in the USA	o		93.3%		
Besides USA, 2nd most common country of birth	 !	Mexico (551)			
Besides USA, 3rd next most common country of birth		Guatamala (259	3)		
Most frequently claimed occupation	un	employed (8.0	 64)		
2nd most frequently claimed occupation		general (5324)			
3rd most frequently claimed occupation	i	none (3 393)			
4th most frequently claimed occupation					
5th most frequently claimed occupation	•	factory (1,331)			
6th most frequently claimed occupation		od service (1,0			
7th most frequently claimed occupation		onstruction (90			
Least claimed occupation] S	social worker (3			
Most frequently claimed religion					
2nd most frequently claimed religion		rotestant (8,72			
3rd most frequently claimed religion	Į	catholic (2,444)		
4th most frequently claimed religion	į	muslim (302)			
Most frequently claimed military service	<u>.</u>	none (17,579)			
2nd most frequently claimed service		army (561)			
3rd most frequently claimed service	marines (213)				
4th most frequently claimed service	navy (202)				
Besides MI, 2nd most common state of birth	Illinois (846)				
Besides MI, 3rd most common state of birth		California (348)		
Besides MI, 4th most common state of birth	# N. L. L. Coll. 27 27 20000000000000000000000000000000	vississippi (313			
Number of repeat offenders each year	1 or more times this year	10 or more times this year	Most time in jail this year for 1 person		
Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in	18,922	27	15		
2008 (out of 29,844 total admissions)	10,922	۷	10		
Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in	19,248	12	19		
2009 (out of 29,303 total admissions) Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in					
2010 (out of 26 180 total admissions)	17,511	12	19		
Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in	47.405	40	00		
2011 (out of 25,013 total admissions)	17,435	18	22		
Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in	17,324	12	28		
2012 (out of 24,804 total admissions)	1	:	8		
Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in	10.744	C	4.4		
2013 (out of 23,525 total admissions)	16,741	8	14		
Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in	19,094	20	16		
2014 (out of 23 432 total admissions)	*	2			
2014 (out of 23,432 total admissions) Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in	*				

Random Facts 8

Correctional Facility Employee Profile

Category	Total	% of total
Number of persons employed in the jail system as of January 1, 2016	266	
Number of male employees	188	70.68%
Number of female employees	78	29.32%
Average age of employees	41.88	
Average age of male employees	41.43	
Average age of female employees	42.94	
Average years of seniority	12.76	
Average years of seniority of male employees	12.88	
Average years of seniority of female employees	12.46	
Racial breakdown - White	211	79.32%
Racial breakdown - Black/African American	29	10.90%
Racial breakdown - Asian	3	1.13%
Racial breakdown - American Indian/Alaskan Native	2	0.75%
Racial breakdown - Hispanic/Latino	17	6.39%
Racial breakdown - 2 or more races	4	1.50%
Type of Employee - Supervisory	28	10.53%
Type of Employee - Deputies	195	73.31%
Type of Employee - Administrative Support Personnel	18	6.77%
Type of Employee - Other Personnel	25	9.40%
Number of deputies who resigned in 2015	2	
Number of deputies who retired in 2015	11	
Number of deputies who were terminated in 2015	1	
Turnover rate of deputies in 2015		6.67%
Profile of Correctional Officers hired this year		
Number of deputies hired in 2015	17	
Number of deputies hired in 2015 with Military experience	2	
Number of deputies hired in 2015 with some college	2	
Number of deputies hired in 2015 with 2 year degree	3	
Number of deputies hired in 2015 with 4 year degree	12	
Gender of newly hired deputies - male	14	
Gender of newly hired deputies - female	3	
Race of newly hired deputies - White	16	
Race of newly hired deputies - Black/African American	1	
Race of newly hired deputies - Asian	0	
Race of newly hired deputies - American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	
Race of newly hired deputies - Hispanic/Latino	0	
Correctional Officers have been hired between July 1998	and this year	
Number hired in this time period (last seventeen years)	192	
Number with a 4 year degree	127	
Number with a 2 year degree	47	
Number with Military experience	12	
Number with past Corrections/Law Enforcement experience	13	
Number who were employed in other KCCF positions when they applied	10	
Other	1	

Talking Point! The information contained in the table above was correct as of January 1, 2016. It should be noted that our deputy turnover rate is low when compared with other jails our size around the country. Turnover rates in jails of 10% to 15% are not uncommon, and rates of 25% and higher are sometimes reported.

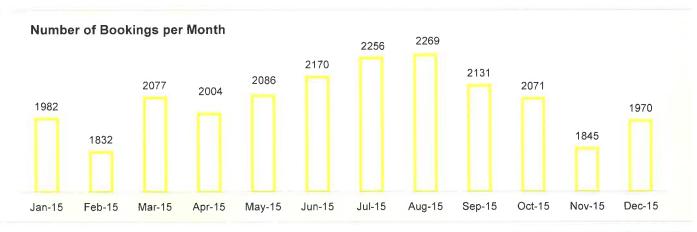
Employee Profile 9

Booking and Population Statistics

Monthly Averages Vary Widely

Average Minimum Maximum Range

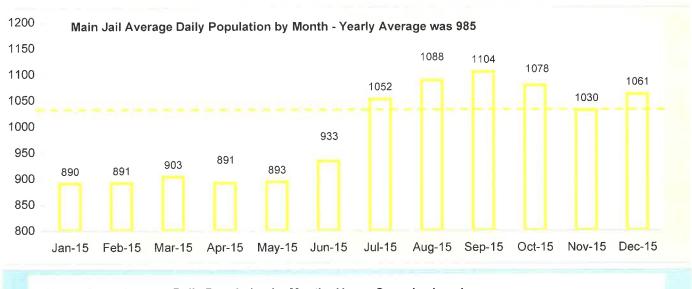
bookings per day	bookings per month	total bookings for 2015	average daily population for the MJ, HC & CRC
67	2,058		1,047
20	1,832		1,000
98	2,269		1,104
78	437		104
		24,693	

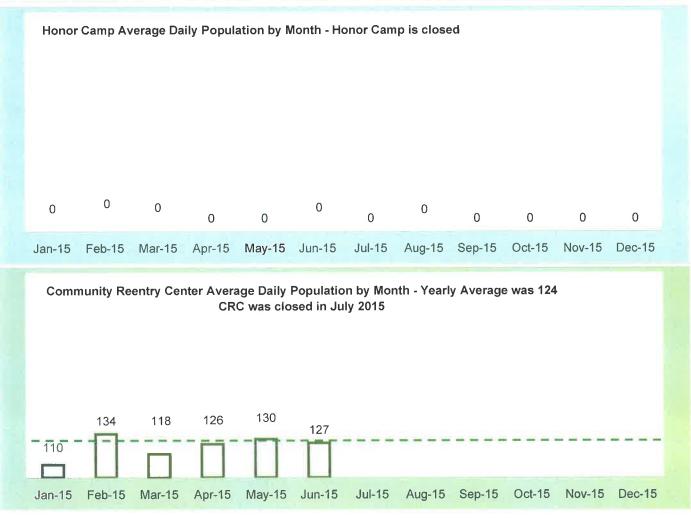






The Average Daily Population of the Main Jail, Honor Camp, and the Community Reentry Center



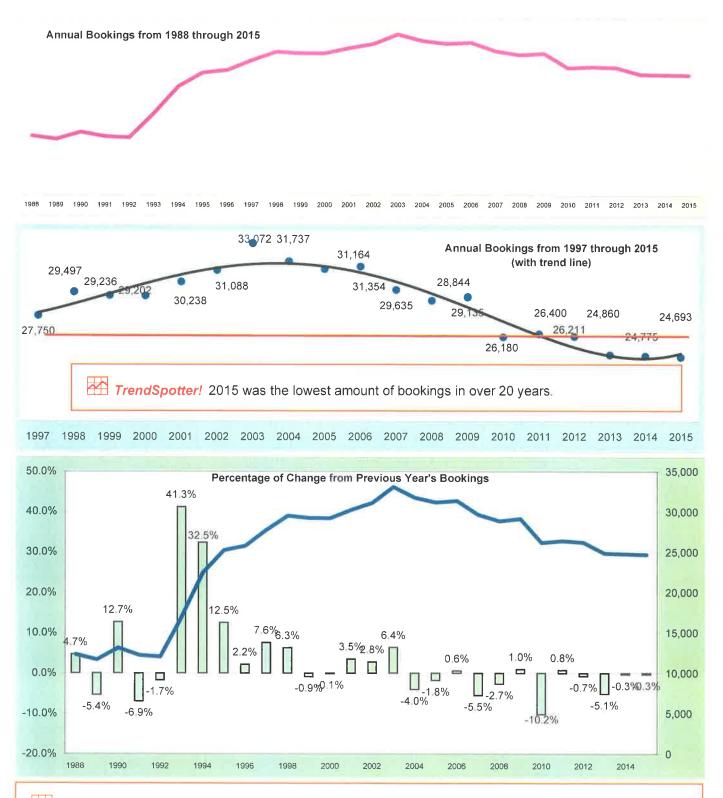


TrendSpotter! The average population for the Main Jail the year before (2014) was 922. The average population for the Camp was 0 and the average population for the Community Reentry Center in 2014 was 123. The moving of the CRC back into the jail will reflect an increase in the Main Jail population in 2016.

MJ, CRC & HC ADP

The Number of Inmates Brought to Jail per Year

Continued decline in Admissions (1,351 fewer)

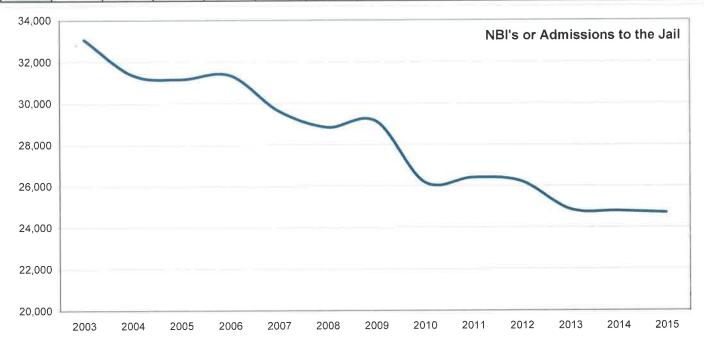


TrendSpotter! This chart shows the number of bookings each year (blue line) with the % of increase or decrease from the previous year (green bar). We experienced a 0.3% decrease in 2015.

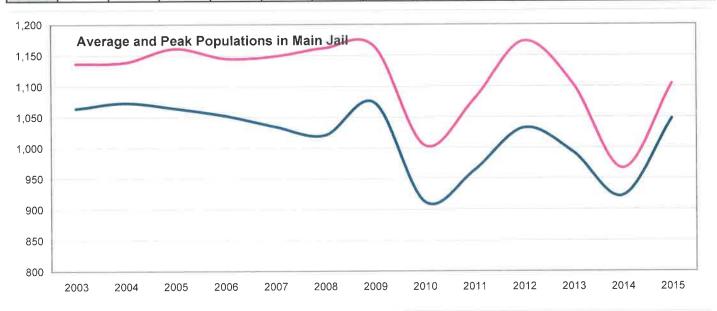
Annual Bookings Trend

Number of Bookings and MJ Average / Peak Populations

year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
NBI	33,072	31,373	31,164	31,354	29,635	28,844	29,135	26,180	26,400	26,211	24,860	24,775	24,693

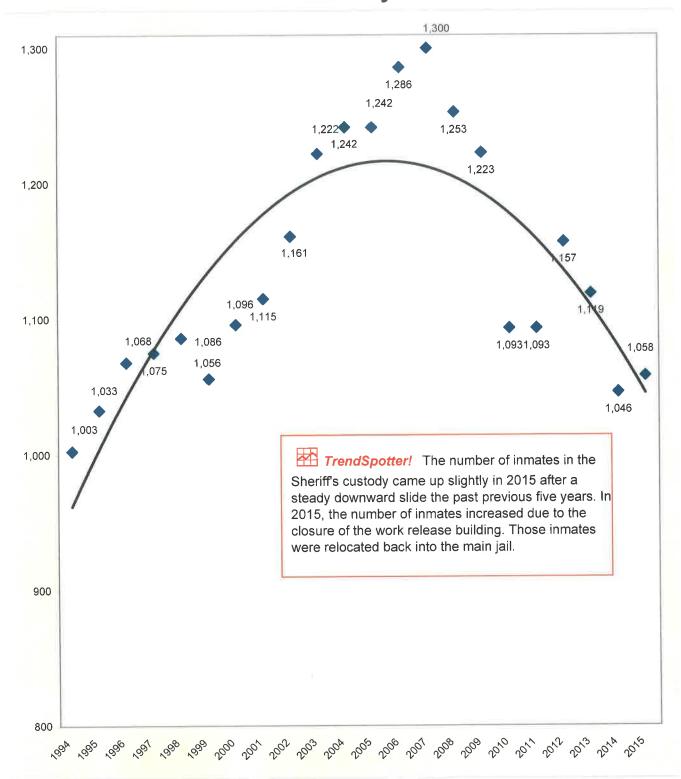


year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
ADP	1,064	1,073	1,064	1,052	1,034	1,020	1,073	912	963	1,032	992	922	1,047
Peak	1,137	1,139	1,161	1,145	1,149	1,162	1,164	1,004	1,079	1,173	1,103	967	1,104
+ or -	6.9%	6.2%	9.1%	8.8%	11.1%	13.9%	8.5%	10.1%	12.0%	13.7%	11.2%	11.2%	5.4%



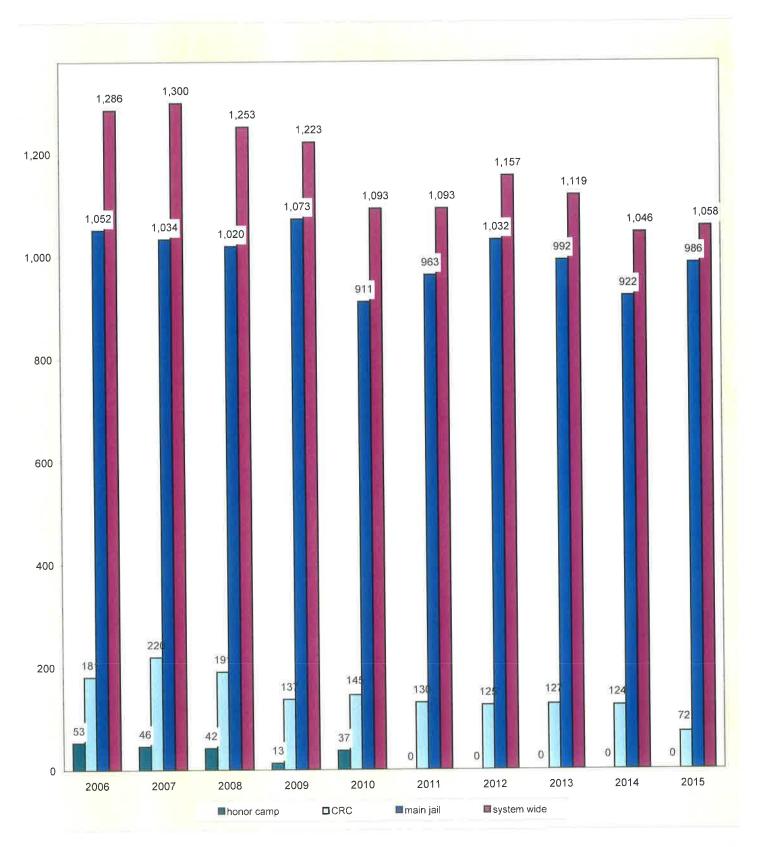
TalkingPoint! The bottom chart shows the difference in the Main Jail between the AVERAGE population and the PEAK population. In 2015 we had more inmates than average only 38% of the time. This has to do with the move of work release back into the main jail. The difference between the normal or "average" population and the peaking population is called the "peaking factor." The peaking factor for 2015 was 5.4%, which continues the downward trend.

Annual Average Daily Population for all Inmates in KCCF Custody



The figures on this graph represent the daily average of the total number of inmates in our custody, including the Main Jail, Community Reentry Center, and Honor Camp. It DOES NOT INCLUDE inmates lodged in other agencies. The figures prior to 1994 do not include the inmates boarded out in other counties prior to the new jail opening up. The 1997 figure is an estimate because some of the data is missing. Trend line added. One can observe a leveling off of the past growth rate.

Average Daily Population of the Honor Camp, Community Reentry Center, Main Jail and the Total for all Inmates in KCCF Custody for the Last 10 Years



History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1835 to 1984)

Year	Description of the Event or Solution			y Levels	
rear	Description of the Event of Solution	MJ	HC	WR	System
1835	First Kent County Jail consisted of two cells in the corner of the Courthouse				
1845	First jail burns and for the next 10 years inmates are housed in rented quarters, primarily in a cellar of a building on Canal Street, with more important inmates being sent to jails in adjourning counties.				
1855	A new Sheriff's residence was built with a wooden structure called "Kent County Jail House" in the rear. It consisted of heavy planking with sheet iron sheathing on the inside.				
1872	Rising crime and frequency of escapes from the current jail cause the county to construct a new jail in the "Bastille" style. When it opened in March, it was called the "Prisoner's Paradise."	114			
	Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Board of Commissioners called the jail a "cheese box" that had "first prize for being the most hazardous building in Michigan today."				
1950	Peak Average Daily Population reaches 162 inmates				
1954	After several failed attempts over 4 decades, voters finally approve a ballot measure for a new jail.				
1958	Original Ball Avenue Jail constructed with a capacity of 240 beds.	240			240
1968	Honor Camp opens with a capacity of 48, bringing us to a total capacity of 288.	240	48		288
1974	Jail expansion by 116 beds, bringing us to a capacity in the Main Jail of 356. Total capacity for all jail facilities was 404.	356	48		404
1977	Jail expansion by 95 beds, bringing us to a capacity in the Main Jail of 451. Total capacity for all jail facilities was 499.	451	48		499
1977	61st District Court creates Community Service Program for sentenced misdemeanor cases.				
1979	Lawsuit filed by six inmates in U.S. District Court.				
1980	Formation of "Alternatives to Incarceration" task force.				
1980	We begin the practice of boarding out inmates to other counties due to overcrowding. This continued for 15 years.				
1981	Creation of Court Services Department to administer Pre-trial Release and Community Service programs. Post arraignment Pre-trial Screening begins at the jail.				
1982	Work Release facility created at the Salvation Army building with a capacity of 48 beds.	451	48	48	547
1982	Court Services Community Service program begins placing felony and misdemeanor cases to work in the community from all district courts and Circuit Court.				
1982	Federal Court order by Judge Enslen in the matter of Johnson v. Heffron limiting occupancy at the Main Jail to 95 percent of capacity.				
1983	Jail expansion by 122 beds, bringing the Main Jail to 573. Total capacity for all jail facilities was 669.	573	48	48	669
1984	Expansion of Pre-trial Release and Community Service programs. Pre-trial program now includes full-time supervision services.				
1984	I otal capacity for all jall facilities is 693.	573	48	72	693
1984	Tail Management System approved for automating records at the				

History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1985 to 1998)

1000	Description of the Event or Solution			y Levels	
ear		MJ	HC	WR	System
985	Agreement to house up to 25 females at Project Rehab Community Treatment Center.				
1985	Expansion of Work Release facility by 18 beds to a total capacity of 90. Total capacity for all jail facilities is 711.	573	48	90	711
1987	Jail Population Management Board formed to study causes of jail crowding.				
1987	Electronic Monitoring and Work Crew programs started with Federal Grant				
1988	Additional judge added for 17th Circuit Court				
1080	Formation of the Community Corrections Advisory Board pursuant to P.A. 511 of 1988.				
1989	Approval of Comprehensive Criminal Justice System Study by David M. Bennett.				
1989	Temporary minimum security jail building adding 64 beds to the Main Jail, bringing its capacity to 637. Total capacity for all jail facilities is 775.	637	48	90	775
1989	Expansion at the Work Release adds 14 beds for a total of 104 beds. Total capacity for all jail facilities is 789.	637	48	104	789
1990	This was the high year for the practice of boarding inmates in other counties. Daily average this year was 146.				
1990	Tax increase of 0.84 mills approved by voters on August 7th to construct a new jail addition.				
1990	Contract approved for jail architectural services.				
1990	Creation of Criminal Justice Coordinator position.				
1991	Pre-trial and Community Service program expanded to provide staff for additional numbers of supervised release cases and community service placements.				
1992	New jail addition opened in December but parts of the old jail are closed for renovation. We become the central intake facility for the Grand Rapids Police Department.				
1992	Pre-trial services expanded to include pre-arraignment screening and investigation and Fast Track processing 24 hours a day, 7 days a week coverage at the jail.				
1993	New jail addition and renovation of the old jail completed, adding 363 additional beds (after closing the temporary facility), bringing us to a capacity in the Main Jail of 1,000, and a total capacity of 1,152.	1,000	48	104	1,152
1993	Jail Bed Allocation Agreement begun, committee implemented, and weekly jail bed reports sent to all criminal court judges.				
1993	Temporary minimum security building relocated to Honor Camp. Capacity at Honor Camp remains at 48.				
1994	The practice of boarding inmates in other counties because of overcrowding finally ends this year after 15 years.				
1996	Order from the Federal Sixth Circuit Court granting relief from Judge Enslen's count reduction measures.				
1997	Pre-trial Electronic Monitoring program re-started after being discontinued in 1989.				
1997	Federal grant program enables Kent County communities to add				
1998	Research conducted into the issues surrounding adding double bunks to the Main Jail. 24 bunks added this year, beginning the capacity of the Main Jail to 1,024.	1,024	48	104	1,17

History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1998 to 2012)

Year	Description of the Event or Solution		Capacit	ty Levels	
rear	Description of the Event of Solution	MJ	HC	WR	System
ı uux ı	Jail Population Monitoring Clerk begins monitoring split-sentence cases to facilitate early release into community facilities.				
1000	29 additional double bunks added for a total of 53, with a capacity of 1,053 in the Main Jail, and a total capacity of 1,205.	1,053	48	104	1,205
1999	Relocation of the Work Release facility from the Salvation Army to the old Kent Oaks facility, increasing the capacity to 136. Total system capacity is now 1,237.	1,053	48	136	1,237
211(1(1	9 additional double bunks added for a total of 62, bringing us to a capacity of 1,062 in the Main Jail, and a total capacity of 1,246.	1,062	48	136	1,246
ノロロンコ	32 additional double bunks added for a total of 94, with a capacity of 1,094 in the Main Jail, and a total capacity of 1,278.	1,094	48	136	1,278
2003	Two additional judges added for 17th Circuit Court.				
2003	Six additional bunks added to the Honor Camp, increasing its capacity to 54.	1,094	54	136	1,284
	Ten additional bunks added to Work Release, increasing its capacity to 146.	1,094	54	146	1,294
	Corrections and Detention Millage Committee formed				
2005	Two more bunks to the Honor Camp, capacity up to 56	1,094	56	146	1,296
2005	Corrections and Detention Millage Committee submits final report to County Administration in December.				
2005	Expansion project begins at Work Release and extra programs added. Building renamed the Community Reentry Center.				
	Expansion at the Community Reentry Center completed.	1,094	56	248	1,398
2006	Four more bunks added to Honor Camp, capacity up to 60	1,094	60	248	1,402
2006	90 additional double bunks added bringing us to a capacity of 1,184 in the Main Jail, and a total capacity of 1,492.	1,184	60	248	1,492
2006	Renovation started on the new Mental Health Unit. 53 bunks taken out of service.	1,131	60	248	1,439
2007	Criminal Justice Planners Harrison / Landmark present a report to County Administration in December that evaluates the jail's facilities and recommends demolition and expansion.				
2007	Mental Health Unit opened with 39 additional bunks, leaving us with a Main Jail capacity of 1,170 and a total capacity of 1,478.	1,170	60	248	1,478
2007	Kent, Kalamazoo and Allegan Counties hire a consulting firm to determine the feasibility of creating a regional jail.				
2008	Voters approve an extension of Jail Millage.				
2009	County selects Tower Pinkster as the design firm for the expansion and demolition project, and Owens, Ames and Kimble were selected as the construction firm. A jail transition team is formed and design work begins in mid-summer.				
2010	Renovation started on Upper Rear and D1B. Additional double bunks are added to B2 and B3. The Main Jail has a new temporary capacity.	1,101	48	248	1,397
2010	Using Honor Camp for inmate housing suspended in November.	1,101	0	248	1,349
2010	One wing of the CRC was closed the last week of December, leaving two wings in operation.	1,101	0	186	1,287
2011	The newly renovated Upper Rear reopens in January as H2 with a new capacity of 192.	1,293	0	186	1,479
2011	The newly renovated D1B reopens in February with a new capacity of 46	1,331	0	186	1,517
2011	Lower One Man, Middle One Man, and Upper Annex are demolished in March.	1,221	0	186	1,407
2012	The new jail housing units open in December (L1, L2, L3, M1, M2, and M3). The old side (Lower, Middle and Upper) is closed.	1,285	0	186	1,471

Jail History (pt 3)

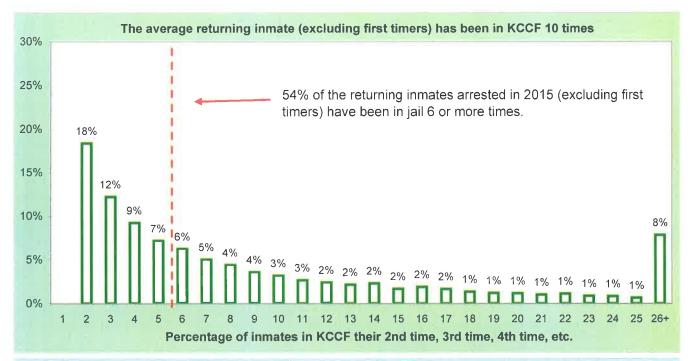
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (2012 to present)

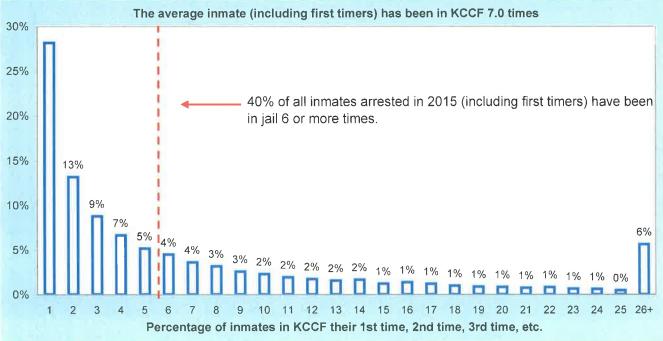
Year	Description of the Event or Solution		Capacit	y Levels	
Tear	Description of the Event of Solution	MJ	HC	WR	System
2015	Community Re-Entry Center is closed. 192 Double bunks are installed in B2, B3, D1, D2 & D. This increased our Main Jail count to 1,477.	1,477	0	0	1,477
2015	Construction of a new kitchen and an entrance for the Work Release program from the Main Jail has started.Completion is projected to be Dec. 2016.				
					,

Jail History (pt 4)

Total Number of Times an Inmate has been in KCCF

Core Group of 2,340 Offenders Return to Jail 15 Times or More





These graphs were produced by looking at the 15,420 offenders arrested in 2015 and counting how many times they had been in the Kent County Correctional Facility since 1985. The point of producing these graphs side-by-side is to show the difference in the number of times in jail between the repeat offenders (the recidivists are in the top chart) and the whole population that includes the lightweights (bottom chart).

TalkingPoint! Of all the people brought to jail, 50% are there for their first, second or third visit. Among the offenders who came to jail in 2015, there was one inmate who had been in KCCF 120 times. Remember, these numbers are just counting the times these offenders were in the Kent County Jail and doesn't include visits to jails in other counties.

Recidivism 20

Recidivism Rate of KCCF Inmates

The previous page examines recidivism by looking at the people in jail or being admitted to jail and looking backwards to see how many of them have been admitted to the Kent County Correctional Facility in previous years. Another approach to examining recidivism is examined on this page. This forward looking approach surveys a group of admissions at a point in the past and follows them in subsequent years to see how many individuals were rebooked after their initial release from the Kent County Correctional Facility. The information on this page examines inmates booked into the Kent County County Correctional Facility during calendar year 2008and then measured what proportion of them were rebooked into the Kent County Correctional Facility through the remainder of 2008 through the end of 2013. We provided the jail data from those years to Andy Verheek at the Kent County Office of Community Corrections and he analyzed it for recidivism rates. The results of the analysis are reported on this page

TalkingPoint! There were a total of 67,157 unique individuals booked into KCCF at least one time over the six year period from 2008 through 2013. Out of these 67,157 individuals, 30,465 were rebooked (for any reason) into KCCF at least once during this same time period. This represents an overall recidivism rate of 45.4%, meaning that 45.4% of the individuals in this sample were booked into KCCF two or more times. Of the 30,465 offenders booked two or more times into KCCF, females were admitted an average of 3.7 times and males an average of 4.2 times.

"C	"Class of 2008 to 2013" - 67,157 individuals booked & rearrested anytime in 2008 through 2013					
	Total Individuals booked at least once anytime in 2006 through 2011	Number with at least one subsequent rebooking	Resulting Recidivism Rate			
All	67,157	30,465	45.4%			
Male	49,004	23,461	47.9%			
Female	18,153	7,004	38.6%			
Black	21,512	12,513	58.2%			
Hispanic	8,543	3,414	40.0%			
White	36,434	14,296	39.2%			

TalkingPoint! The table above includes people whose first arrest in the time period came in 2008 but also those whose first arrest was during the years 2008 through 2012, so some of them did not have much elapsed time to be re-arrested. In the table below we looked at the recidivism rate for ONLY those individuals that were booked into KCCF from January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008 and released to the community meaning that those released to prison, another facility, or another agency were filtered out of the analysis. Each of the offenders in the remaining population had a minimum of 5 full years to get in trouble with the law again. There were 17,522 individuals booked into KCCF during 2008 and subsequently released back into the community. Out of these 17,522 offenders, 11,448 were rebooked into KCCF at least once from their initial booking in 2008 until December 31, 2013. This includes individuals first booked into KCCF in 2008 with their first subsequent booking occurring in the same year (2008). This equates to a recidivism rate of 65.3%.

"Clas	ss of 2008" - 17,522 individuals booked in	2008 and their rearrests later	in 2008 through 2013
	Total Individuals booked at least once in 2007	Number with at least one subsequent rebooking	Resulting Recidivism Rate
All	17,522	11,448	65.3%
Male	13,244	9,029	68.2%
Female	4,278	2,419	56.5%
Black	6,754	5,254	77.8%
Hispanic	2,124	1,363	64.2%
White	8,490	4,743	55.9%
First Time Offenders in 2006	5,152	2,257	43.8%
Less than High School Education	6,524	4,774	73.2%
High School Education or More	10,998	6,674	60.7%

Recidivism Since 2008 21

Recidivism Rate of KCCF Inmates

The previous page examines recidivism by looking at individuals booked into KCCF from 2008 through 2013 to see how many may have been rebooked during that same time frame. This page looks at a group of admissions for a more recent time span of 2013 through 2015. We looked at the overall recidivism rate for this three-year time span as well as recidivism when selecting out offenders who received a proxy score in 2013. Jail data from these years were analyzed by Andy Verheek at the Kent County Office of Community Corrections.

TalkingPoint! There were a total of 39,342 unique individuals booked into KCCF at least one time over the three year period from 2013 through 2015. Using a broad definition of recidivism that looks at rebooking into KCCF for any reason, including probation and parole violations, 15,551 out of the 39,342 individuals were rebooked at least once during this three year period. This represents an overall recidivism rate of 39.5%. Of these 15,551 individuals booked two or more times into KCCF, females were admitted an average of 3.1 times and males an average of 3.3 times. It should be noted that the recidivism rate is dependant on the definition of recidivism used at the time of analysis. For example, measuring recidivism for those with an initial booking event in 2013 with recidivism measured as a rebooking for a new offense with probation and parole violation bookings excluded for those individuals released to the community (meaning that those released to prison, another agency, or other facility were excluded from the analysis), the resulting recidivism rate would increase to 54.5%.

	"Class of 2013 to 2015"					
	Total Individuals booked at least once anytime in 2013 through 2015	Number with at least one subsequent rebooking	Resulting Recidivism Rate			
All	39,342	15,551	39.5%			
Male	28,358	11,874	41.9%			
Female	10,984	3,677	33.5%			
Black	14,246	7,013	49.2%			
Hispanic	4,416	1,445	32.7%			
White	20,323	6,994	34.4%			

TalkingPoint! The previous table above examined those individuals whose first arrest occurred during the time period of 2013 through 2015 and includes a broad definition of recidivism. However, not all offenders booked into the Kent County Correctional Facility are predicted to recidivate at the same rate. Using a proxy risk assessment instrument that takes into consideration each individuals age at first offense, prior bookings into jail, and current age, Kent County Correctional Facility personnel can obtain an initial prediction of those most likely to be rebooked into the facility in the future. This proxy risk score is instrumental to the establishment and provision programming in the Kent County Correctional Facility. The following table examines the recidivism rates for those individuals that were booked into KCCF for the first time in 2013 and received a proxy score and were most likely to be released back into the community meaning that offenders released to prison, another facility, or other agency were filtered out. There were 5,962 individuals booked into KCCF in 2013 that had received a proxy score during their stays and were released back into the community. Out of these 5,931 individuals, 4,416 were rebooked into KCCF at least once for any reason (including parole and probation violations) following their initial booking in 2013 until December 31, 2015 for an overall recidivism rate of 74.5%. The table below illustrates that the recidivism rates are indeed different for those offenders scored at a low, medium, or high risk of recidivism based on the proxy risk assessment instrument.

"Class of 2013" - 5,931 individuals booked in 2013 and their rearrests later in 2013 through 2015							
	Low Risk of Recidivism 650 total individuals	Medium Risk of Recidivism 2,816 total individuals	High Risk of Recidivism 2,465 total individuals				
Recidivism	52.3%	70.5%	84.9%				
Male	446 total individuals	2,098 total individuals	2,068 total individuals				
Rate	53.1%	71.5%	85.8%				
Female	204 total individuals	718 total individuals	397 total individuals				
Rate	50.5%	67.4%	79.8%				
Black	139 total individuals	1,246 total individuals	1,394 total individuals				
Rate	47.5%	73.9%	87.7%				
Hispanic	64 total individuals	209 total individuals	214 total individuals				
Rate	53.1%	66.0%	84.6%				
White	447 total individuals	1,361 total individuals	857 total individuals				
Rate	53.7%	68.0%	80.3%				

Recidivism Since 2013 22

Recidivism Info - Including Likelihood of Recidivating

**TalkingPoint! Additional information regarding regarding the recidivism of individuals booked into KCCF between 2013 and 2015:

- An offender with an initial 2013 booking event experienced 30 separate bookings between 2013 and 2015.
- Overall, male offenders were booked an average of 2.0 times and female offenders were booked an average of 1.7 times.
- Black offenders were booked an average of 2.2 times, hispanic offenders were booked an average of 1.6 times, and white offenders were booked an average of 1.7 times.
- Average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings was 150.0 days for male offenders and 151.1 days for female offenders.
- Average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings was 154.9 days for black offenders, 152.0 days for hispanic offenders, and 144.9 days for white offenders.

**TalkingPoint!* Kent County has continued using an instrument to predict the likelihood that an inmate booked into KCCF will be rebooked into KCCF at some future date. This "Proxy" instrument divides the inmates into three levels, with R1's being the least likely to return to jail, R3's being the most likely to return to jail, and R2's being in the middle. The breakdown of Proxy scores for individuals booked between 2013 and 2015 include - R1: 11.5% // R2: 48.6% // R3: 39.9%

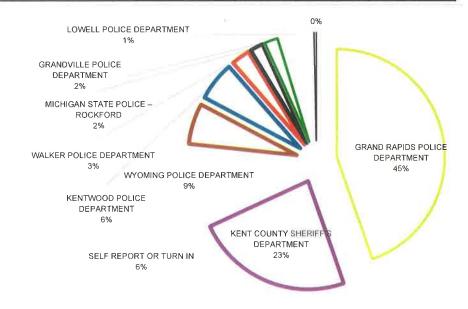
- Looking at the 650 offenders that received a low category proxy score (R1) from the Recidivism Since 2013 page, male offenders averaged 2.0 bookings while female offenders averaged of 2.0 bookings. Looking at the 2,465 offenders that received a high category proxy score (R3) from the same page, the average number of bookings for male offenders averaged 3.9 bookings while female offenders averaged 3.5 bookings.
 - Looking at those offenders that received a low category proxy score (R1) from the Recidivism Since 2013 page, black offenders averaged 2.0 bookings, whites averaged of 2.0 bookings, and hispanics averaged of 2.0 bookings. Switching to the offenders that received a high category proxy score (R3) from the same page, the average for black offenders increases to 4.2 bookings, the average for white offenders increases to 3.5 bookings, and the average for hispanic offenders increases to 3.4 bookings.
- Looking at those offenders that received a low category proxy score (R1) from the Recidivism Since 2013 page, the average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings was 137.4 days for male offenders and 120.7 days for female offenders. Switching to those offenders receiving a high category proxy score (R3), the average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings decreases to 110.8 days for male offenders and 99.7 days for female offenders.
- Looking at those offenders that received a low category proxy score (R1) from the Recidivism Since 2013 page, the average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings was 115.0 days for black offenders, 111.7 days for hispanic offenders, and 131.5 days for white offenders. Switching to those offenders receiving a high category proxy score (R3), the average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings decreases to 110.3 days for black offenders and 106.6 days for white offenders and 110.9 days for hispanic offenders.

Likelihood to Recidivate 23

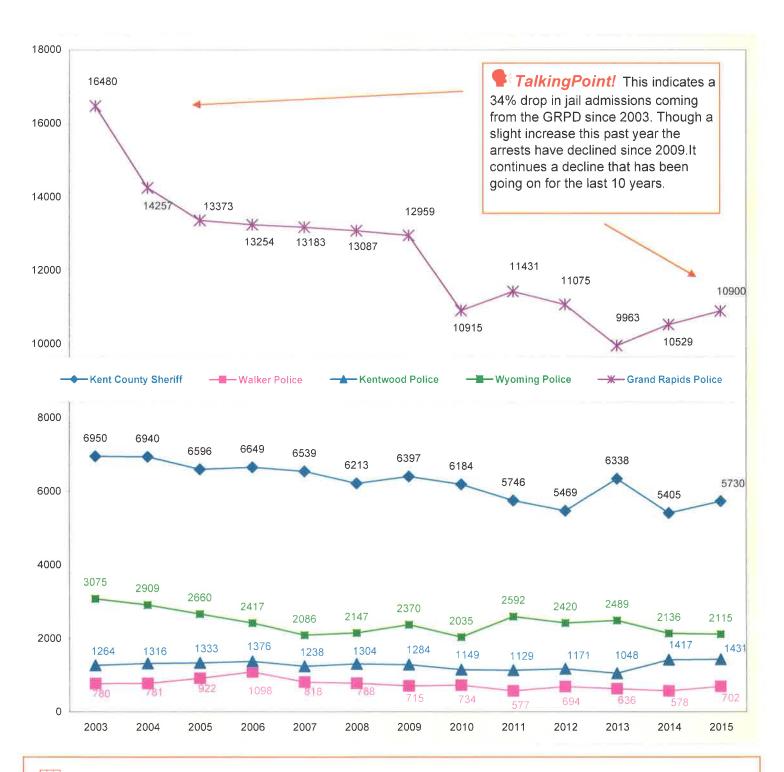
Number of Inmates Brought to Jail by Arresting Agency Top 5 Agencies Account for 89% of Incoming Inmates

Code	Arresting Agency	# of Arrests	Percent of Total
	GRAND RAPIDS POLICE DEPARTMENT	10,900	44.60%
4100	KENT COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT	5,730	23.40%
4189	WYOMING POLICE DEPARTMENT	2,115	8.65%
SELF	SELF REPORT OR TURN IN	1,480	6.05%
4168	KENTWOOD POLICE DEPARTMENT	1,431	5.85%
4169	WALKER POLICE DEPARTMENT	702	2.87%
4161	4161 MICHIGAN STATE POLICE – ROCKFORD		1.98%
4167	GRANDVILLE POLICE DEPARTMENT	437	1.78%
DOC	MDOC	211	0.86%
OTH	ANY OTHER ARRESTING AGENCY	185	0.75%
4166	EAST GRAND RAPIDS PUBLIC SAFETY	127	0.51%
4146	LOWELL POLICE DEPARTMENT	126	0.51%
4140	ROCKFORD CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT	117	0.47%
USMSHL	US MARSHAL	107	0.43%
4147	SPARTA POLICE DEPARTMENT	79	0.32%
GRCC	GRAND RAPIDS COMMUNITY COLLEGE POLICE	38	0.15%
41FM	FEDERAL MARSHALS	36	0.15%
SPEC	SPECTRUM HEALTH POLICE	30	0.12%
INS	IMMIGRATION NATURALIZATION SERVICE	19	0.1%
TRANSCOR	TRANSCOR PRISONER TRANSPORT	18	0.1%
IMMG	IMMIGRATION	16	0.1%
GRR	GERALD R FORD INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT POLICE	11	0.1%
4132	SAND LAKE POLICE DEPARTMENT	11	0.1%
ATTY	ATTORNEY GENERAL	10	0.1%
ICE203	IMMIGRATION BILLABLE	9	0.0%
4160	MICHIGAN STATE POLICE - 6TH DISTRICT HQ	5	0.0%
DNR	DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES	3	0.0%
DEA	DEA	1	0.0%
5942	MICHIGAN STATE POLICE - LAKEVIEW	1	0.0%
	Grand Total	24,439	100.00%





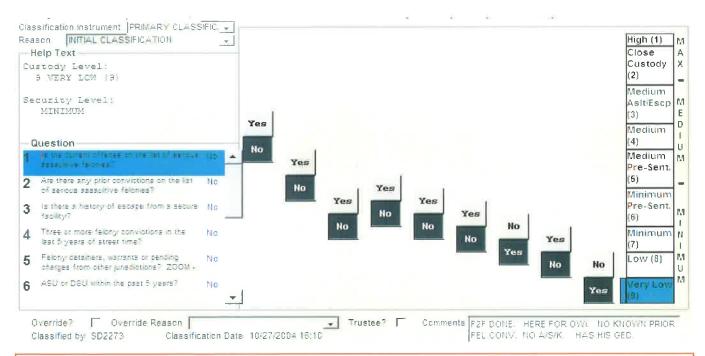
Number of Inmates Brought to Jail in the Last 13 Years by the Top Five Arresting Agencies



TrendSpotter! Most of these arresting agencies continued a trend of reduced numbers of offenders they arrested and brought to jail during the year. The peak for Grand Rapids, Kent County and Wyoming was in 2003. Walker and Kentwood peaked in 2006. Wyoming was the only area to see a slight decrease this year.

Inmate Classification System

Computerized Decision Tree Aids Placement Decisions



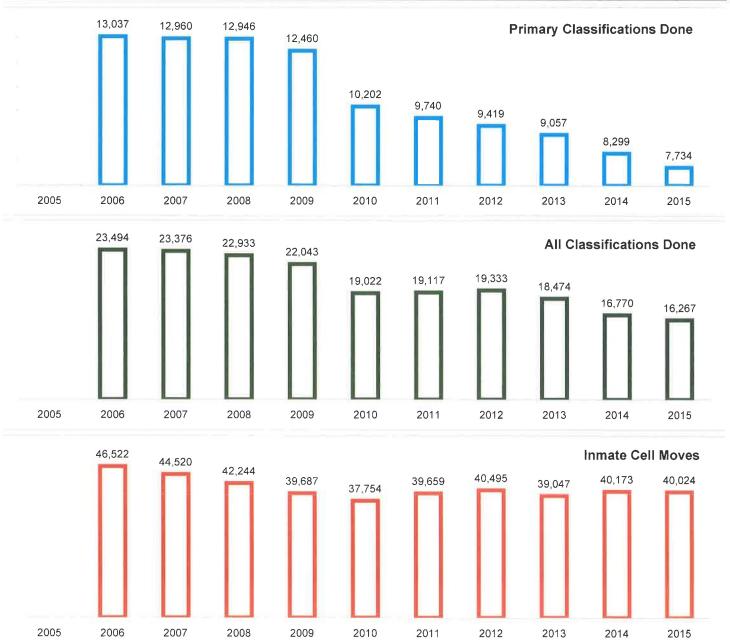
Midway through 2004 the jail began using a new Jail Management System called JailView. JailView uses the Northpointe® decision tree classification instrument which breaks inmates down into the traditional three categories of Maximum, Medium and Minimum, but it also provides nine levels of sub-categories that are useful for making program and placement decisions. Below is a brief definition of each of the custody levels and the average number and proportion of inmates within each classification.

Custody Level	Definition	Main Jail Males	Main Jail Females	Jail System (M & F)
High (1)	These inmates are in jail on a violent charge, with a prior conviction on a violent charge, and with a record of violent institutional behavior.	2 (0%)	0	2 (0%)
Close (2)	These inmates have a combination of two incidents of violence found in either their current charge, past charges or institutional behavior record.	34 (4%)	4 (3%)	38 (4%)
Medium Assaultive (3)	These inmates have one incident of violence in either their current charge, past charge or institutional behavior		9 (6%)	167 (18%)
Medium (4)	These inmates are in jail for a serious non-violent felony and/or have institutional behavior problems.	178 (23%)	48 (31%)	226 (24%)
Medium Pre-Sentenced (5)	These inmates are likely prison bound, but they are well behaved and have no record of violence or rule violations.	70 (9%)	10 (7%)	80 (9%)
Minimum Pre-Sentenced (6)	These inmates will likely not go to prison and are well behaved with no record of violence or rule violations.	118 (15%)	31 (20%)	149 (16%)
Minimum (7)	These inmates are fully sentenced to county jail time on a felony charge, have no recent history of violence and are well behaved, but they lack employment or ties to the community.	108 (14%) 23 (15%)		131 (14%)
Low (8)	These inmates are sentenced to the county jail on a felony charge, have no recent record of violence, are well behaved and have employment or local ties to the community.	98 (13%)	19 (12%)	117 (13%)
Very Low (9)	These inmates are sentenced to the county jail on misdemeanor charges, have no recent record of violence, are well behaved and have ties to the community.	10 (1%)	9 (6%)	19 (2%)

Inmate Classification 26

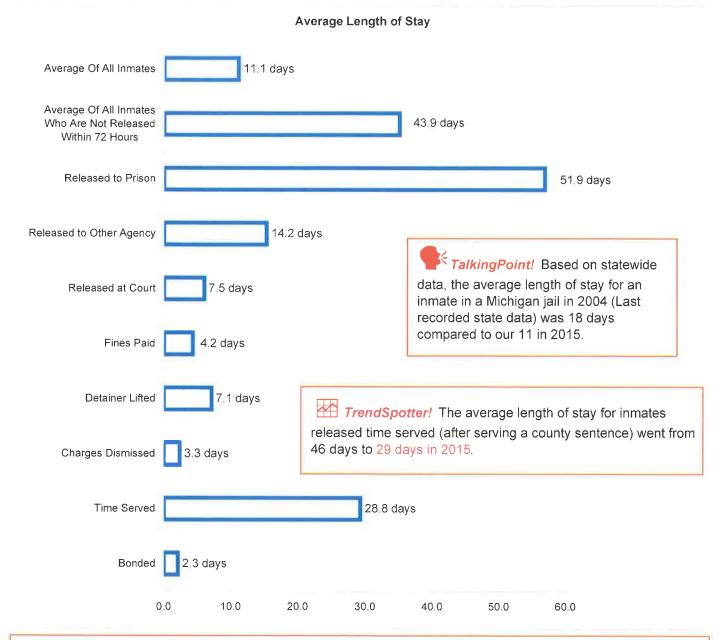
Amount of Work Done by Our Eight Classification Officers

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Primary Class	n/a	13,037	12,960	12,946	12,460	10,202	9,740	9,419	9,057	8,299	7,734
Agg Review Class	n/a	1,397	1,379	1,349	1,195	1,260	1,171	1,170	1,098	1,094	1,059
Mit Review Class	n/a	9,060	9,037	8,638	8,388	7,560	8,206	8,744	8,319	7,377	7,474
All Classifications	n/a	23,494	23,376	22,933	22,043	19,022	19,117	19,333	18,474	16,770	16,267
Inmate Cell Moves	n/a	46,522	44,520	42,244	39,687	37,754	39,659	40,495	39,047	40,173	40,024
AFIS Verifications	n/a	29,109	28,022	27,901	28,107	25,396	25,452	25,421	24,708	23,929	24,542
AFIS % of NBI's	n/a	93%	95%	97%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	97%	99%
ARU Hearings	n/a	113	81	105	115	91	82	130	70	115	130
Notifications Comp	n/a	514	564	418	272	244	448	624	441	620	435
Notifications Sent	n/a	3,750	3,296	3,004	2,498	2,203	7,738	7,867	7,099	7,028	6,308
Alerts Entered	n/a	33,963	29,815	27,816	23,061	37,573	29,846	35,138	33,953	35,419	36,003
Case Notes	n/a	2,160	1,680	1,295	911	873	1016	2606	1,149	2,566	1,768



Classification Work 27

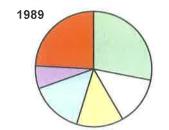
Average Amount of Time Inmates Stay in Jail, Shown with Inmates Grouped by Release Type

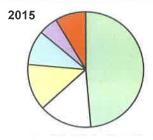


The graph above was based on a sample of 22,787 inmates released in 2015.

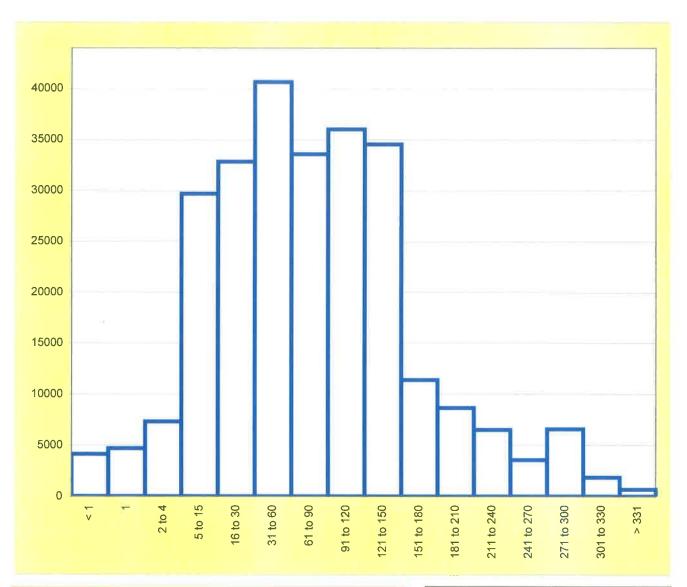
TalkingPoint! The pie charts below contain a comparison of the Average Length of Stay (ALOS) at the time of the Bennett jail expansion study and the ALOS in 2015, depicting the much shorter ALOS in 2015.

	1989	2015
< 1 day	28.17%	48.64%
1 day	13.55%	14.71%
2 to 4 days	12.90%	13.09%
5 to 15 days	14.84%	9.58%
16 to 30 days	6.24%	5.28%
> 30 days	24.30%	8.70%





Average Length of Stay Depicted as Jail Bed Days



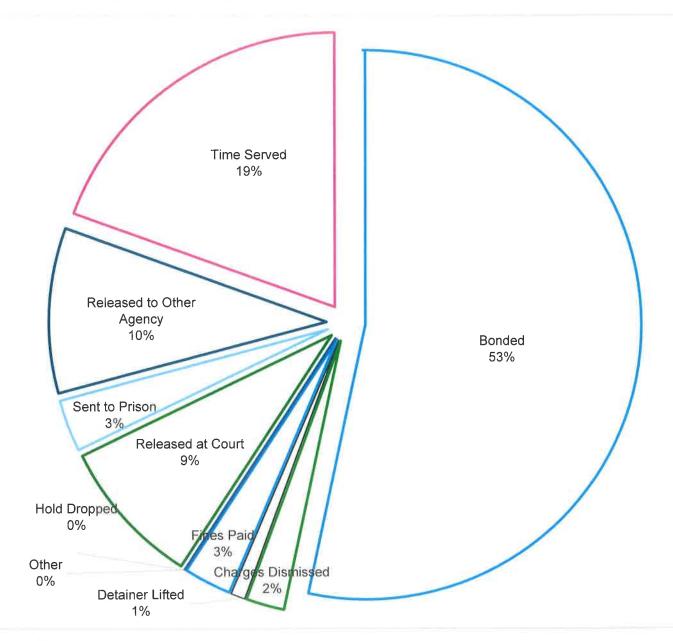
TalkingPoint! This chart shows the concept of average length of stay depicted as Jail Bed Days. Jail Bed Days are an accurate way of displaying the actual impact on jail beds, because it is counting the days that a jail bed is occupied. The chart about shows that although we had 11,083 people who stayed less than one day in jail, they used far fewer jail beds than the 2,184 inmates who stayed 5 to 15 days in jail. In fact, the 706 inmates who stayed 31 to 60 days used the most jail beds. The main interpretation of these data is that the greatest impact on jail capacity would be achieved by concentrating our efforts on reducing the stay of the inmates who are in jail from one to five months. It is that group of inmates who are using most of the jail's beds.

# of Days in Jail	# of Inmates
< 1	11083
1	3353
2 to 4	2982
5 to 15	2184
16 to 30	1203
31 to 60	706
61 to 90	499
91 to 120	297
121 to 150	225
151 to 180	74
181 to 210	62
211 to 240	53
241 to 270	30
271 to 300	21
301 to 330	13
> 331	2

ALOS as Jail Bed Days

Reasons Why Inmates are Released and the Percentage of Inmates Released in the Most Common Types of Releases

The Majority of Incoming Inmates Released Back to the Community



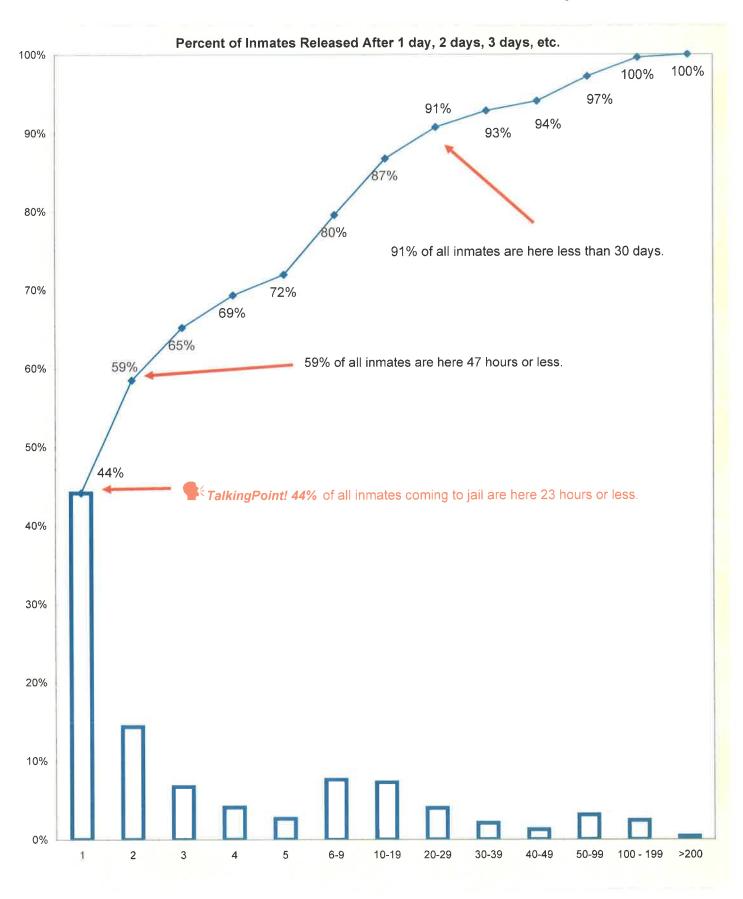


back into the community. (This chart is based on a sample of nearly 23,000 records in 2015.) Only about 13% get sent to prison or to another agency. Hard data is not available on that 13%, but most of those inmates return to our community at some point. It is important to remember that resources devoted to local jail inmates benefit our local communities.

Release by Type 30

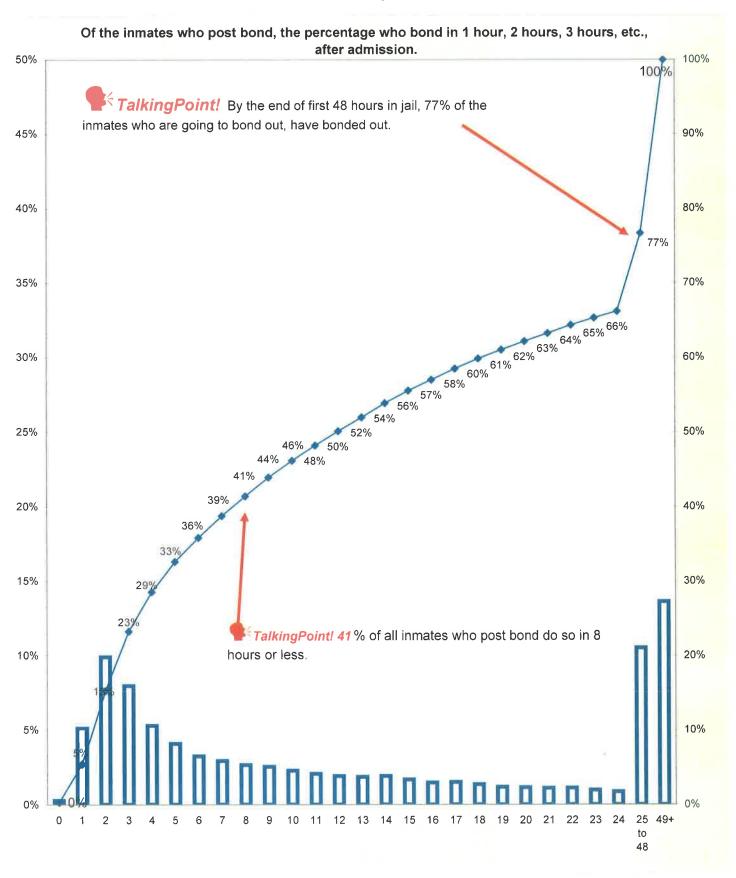
Number of Days Inmates Spend in Jail Before Release

91% of All Inmates Are in Jail Less than 30 Days



Number of Hours Inmates Spend in Jail Before Being Released on Bond

77% of All Inmates Who Post Bond, do so Within the First 48 hours

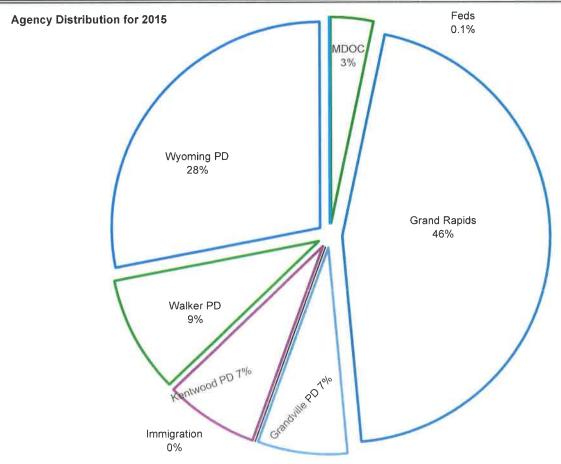


Agency Billing Information Billing Other Agencies Nets Just Over One Million Dollars

Agency	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
MDOC	\$335,090.00	\$43,995.00	\$102,598.00	\$147,875.00	\$110,250.00	\$40,985.00	\$39,200.00
Grand Rapids	\$633,977.18	\$569,452.49	\$603,951.08	\$620,044.29	\$624,053.86	\$586,151.77	\$512,253.89
Grandville PD	\$84,519.77	\$75,180.29	\$113,009.57	\$81,913.15	\$85,643.98	\$97,742.19	\$78,344.76
Immigration	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$11,680.00	\$0.00	\$28,220.00	\$0.00
Kentwood PD	\$57,435.57	\$46,359.39	\$55,066.24	\$59,537.51	\$61,764.94	\$87,879.33	\$80,135.90
Walker PD	\$136,631.85	\$105,633.49	\$91,431.96	\$121,235.26	\$118,074.25	\$117,507.61	\$104,065.70
Wyoming PD	\$333,706.85	\$204,016.31	302970.79	\$240,372.09	\$280,523.86	\$304,195.66	\$318,417.50
Federal	\$1,480.00	\$800.00	\$1,040.00	\$920.00	\$1,640.00	\$1,120.00	\$440.00
Border Patrol	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Army	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$80.00	\$280.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
GRCC	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
SIR	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
total	\$1,582,841	\$1,045,437	\$1,270,068	\$1,283,657	\$1,282,231	\$1,263,802	\$1,132,858
daily rate	\$35,85	\$36,82	\$36.39	\$37.48	\$38.86	\$38.78	\$41.02

State of
Michigan
(billing is done
by the Office of
Community
Corrections this info based
on their FY)

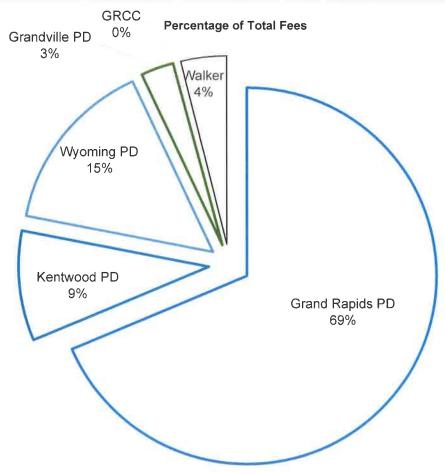
\$734,585 \$607,235 \$835,896 \$928,265 \$833,855 \$963,095 \$1,088,015



Processing Fees for the Last Ten Years

Charging Agencies to Process New Inmates Nets Over \$225,000

	Grand Rapids PD	Kentwood PD	Wyoming PD	Grandville PD	GRCC	Walker	Total
2005	\$229,091.08	\$23,240.92	\$47,041.20	\$12,705.34	\$155.55		\$312,234.09
2006	\$232,241.11	\$21,034.78	\$45,483.97	\$12,128.59	\$285.69		\$311,174.14
2007	\$273,776.60	\$26,786.43	\$45,867.11	\$14,931.50	\$236.43		\$361,598.07
2008	\$245,898.68	\$24,505.18	\$41,620.77	\$11,961.48	\$142.23		\$324,128.34
2009	\$181,641.55	\$17,960.22	\$33,766.01	\$9,965.99	\$361.44		\$243,695.21
2010	\$143,465.53	\$14,615.81	\$27,539.97	\$9,425.83	\$211.45	\$9,627.03	\$195,258.59
2011	\$162,769.00	\$16,182.12	\$34,062.40	\$9,465.04	\$237.02	\$8,355.60	\$222,715.58
2012	\$163,517.66	\$17,048.26	\$33,786.71	\$8,206.69	\$267.78	\$9,407.88	\$232,234.98
2013	\$136,561.09	\$14,065.34	\$32,766.46	\$5,283.98	\$238.47	\$8,855.66	\$197,771.00
2014	\$156,816.47	\$20,111.85	\$33,674.25	\$7,823.85	\$280.53	\$8,541.00	\$227,247.95
2015	\$156,081.40	\$21,370.86	\$34,195.10	\$6,788.24	\$308.95	\$8,917.54	\$227,662.09



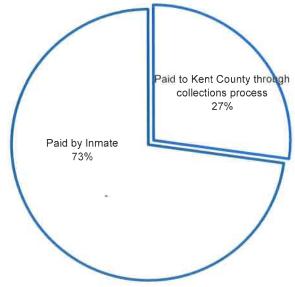
2005 booking fee was \$18.30 2006 booking fee was \$18.60 2007 booking fee was \$19.98 2008 booking fee was \$20.08 2009 booking fee was \$15.06 2010 booking fee was \$15.47 2011 booking fee was \$15.75 2012 booking fee was \$15.75 2013 booking fee was \$15.78 2015 booking fee was \$15.78 2005 total billed was \$312,234 2006 total billed was \$311,174 2007 total billed was \$361,598 2008 total billed was \$324,128 2009 total billed was \$243,695 2010 total billed was \$204,885 2011 total billed was \$231,071 2012 total billed was \$232,235 2013 total billed was \$198,177 2014 total billed was \$227,247 2015 total billed was \$227,662

Room and Board Collection Efforts

Collections Increased Slightly this Year

Year	Room & Board Billed to inmates	Outside Collections Agency's Commission	Paid to Kent County through collections process	Paid by Inmate	Total Collected	% of Billings actually Collected
2002		\$20,280.12	\$35,991.99	\$69,320.71	\$105,312.70	
2003		\$14,213.85	\$26,379.90	\$51,292.78	\$77,672.68	
2004		\$13,651.87	\$25,113.29	\$68,817.09	\$93,930.38	
2005		\$15,990.54	\$28,903.66	\$80,968.97	\$109,872.63	
2006		\$18,784.80	\$34,886.06	\$68,755.01	\$103,641.07	
2007	\$2,567,477.00	\$12,151.30	\$22,414.91	\$79,864.73	\$102,279.64	
2008	\$2,799,579.02	\$16,833.61	\$30,118.29	\$73,639.43	\$103,757.72	
2009	\$3,222,504.00	\$14,960.30	\$25,180.84	\$63,518.51	\$88,699.35	2.75%
2010	\$2,680,984.00	\$9,722.23	\$16,767.54	\$64,838.84	\$81,606.38	3.04%
2011	\$2,755,224.00	\$13,690.16	\$24,050.00	\$62,441.67	\$86,491.67	3.14%
2012	\$2,993,760.00	\$21,769.21	\$37,463.20	\$86,985.41	\$124,448.61	4.16%
2013	\$2,827,152.00	\$17,140.85	\$31,378.69	\$62,986.11	\$94,364.80	3.34%
2014	\$2,770,614.00	\$18,648.29	\$34,045.58	\$70,527.81	\$104,573.39	3.77%
2015	\$2,893,110.00	\$16,725.40	\$30,784.70	\$82,565.98	\$113,350.68	3.92%







County Jail Reimbursement Program Fiscal Year 2015 Update by Andy VerHeek

CJRP reimbursement and eligibility criteria continued in the same manner during FY 2015 that was implemented during previous fiscal years. The table below shows that Kent County experienced an increase in the amout of funds received through CJRP from \$963,095.00 in FY 2014 to \$1,088,015 during FY 2015.

Reimbursement and eligibility criteria for CJRP continue to include:

- 1. All counties in Michigan are required to follow the same eligibility and reimbursement criteria.
- 2. Three different reimbursement amounts are provided and depend upon each offender's sentencing guideline score and type of offense.
- 4. Save for a few select offenses, a majority of Crime Class F offenses that were ineligible for reimbursement during FY 2014 continue to be ineligible during FY 2015.

In addition to these changes, CJRP monies received by Kent County are impacted by the length of stay in the Kent County Correctional Facility for each offender as well as the jail disposition rate for CJRP-eligible offenders sentenced in Kent County.

FISCAL YEAR	CJRP PAYMENT	TOTAL RECEIVED
1996	\$764,628.00	\$2,141,413.00
1997	\$731,460.00	\$2,872,873.00
1998	\$695,225.00	\$3,568,098.00
1999	\$699,353.00	\$4,267,451.00
2000	\$1,244,996.00	\$5,512,447.00
2001	\$1,120,632.00	\$6,633,079.00
2002	\$1,212,242.00	\$7,845,321.00
2003	\$1,063,183.50	\$8,908,504.50
2004	\$1,069,839.00	\$9,978,343.50
2005	\$968,571.00	\$10,946,914.50
2006	\$791,613.00	\$11,738,527.50
2007	\$837,505.50	\$12,576,033.00
2008	\$1,084,846.50	\$13,660,879.50
2009	\$734,584.50	\$14,395,464.00
2010	\$607,234.50	\$15,002,698.50
2011	\$835,895.50	\$15,838,594.00
2012	\$928,264.50	\$16,766,858.50
2013	\$833,855.00	\$17,600,713.50
2014	\$963,095.00	\$18,563,808.50
2015	\$1,088,015.00	\$19,651,823.50

Thanks! A big thank you to Andy VerHeek for providing the information for this page, and also the three pages earlier in this book called "Recidivism since 2008", "Recidivism Since 2013" and "Likelihood to Recidivate."

CJRP 36

Total Counts of Incidents and Inmate Rule Violations

Code	Description of Incident	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
BLOOD	Blood draw for drunk driving arrest	453	475	467	423	444	401	413	402	360	439	466
CERT	CERT team deployment	45	36	25	20	17	12	20	25	14	16	34
IRH	Immediate Restrictive Housing	115	146	155	109	237	159	204	253 408	185 399	143 534	166 785
INFO	Information report	499	599	850	862 403	717 303	614 253	613 266	275	159	211	171
S3	suicide precaution	552	464	449 1946	1817	1718	1439	1516	1363	1117	1343	1622
	Total of Informational Reports	625	1 720	422	494	513	564	495	659	361	314	147
V101	failure to clean cell or assist in clean up	535	485	519	771	324	362	238	414	99	106	89
V102	possession of extra clothing or bedding	77	189	314	579	175	65	82	66	74	31	31
V103	possess food not sold in commissary	199	244	290	444	382	192	338	182	21	13	46
V104	hanging clothing from walls or bars	287	228	387	414	575	424	486	221	192	125	118
V105 V106	covering lights or obstructing vision	104	122	116	306	103	121	183	221	267	245	184
V106	shouting or acting in a disruptive way	1680	2176	2492	3118	1683	2,483	2,742	3423	2749	2408	2307
V107 V108	failure to follow housing unit rules	1283	2035	1758	2084	1431	1,534	2,903	5543	3553	3384	3371
V108 V109	failure to follow meal time rules	184	370	258	266	262	382	215	349	231	152	217
V1109	failure to hang up phone when required	145	66	77	151	169	84	24	30	17	15	18
VIII	tattoo or self mutilation violation	6	3	10	15	0	0	0	0	3	2	0
V111	ID card violation	7	7	48	24	20	0	0	0	0	0	2
V112	pass, sell, borrow or trade violation	165	258	164	292	156	134	148	152	123	99	112
V113		88	101	148	377	188	154	170	186	19	16	11
V114 V115	throwing trash in common areas misuse of the intercom	375	617	560	473	323	310	399	533	414	296	467
V115	gambling violation	0	0	8	0	10	1	1	13	10	5	4
V110 V117	attempt to commit a Cat I	3	3	27	2	2	3	0	1	1	5	2
V118	talking through the vents	96	63	42	39	34	27	41	33	25	26	18
V119	possessing another's radio	5	11	6	28	5	33	14	6	7	4	9
V119	altering county property	24	40	61	38	45	27	63	153	40	40	30
V120	plugging vents in cell	379	636	228	173	139	25	278	305	73	81	39
V121	hanging sheets / privacy curtain	72	142	55	32	14	49	73	17	11	25	25
V123	Covering face or neck	721							22000	4//	.71	18
V 123	Total Category 1 Violations	6121	8284	7990	10120	6553	6974	6553	12507	8290	7392	7265
V201	failure to give name	2	4	3	1	1	23	16	2	1	0	1
V201	vulgar or obscene language	92	93	80	75	60	60	58	59	50	70	72
V202	indecent exposure	6	4	4	7	3	5	3	6	4	7	2
V203	lying	29	25	21	19	20	17	24	10	14	15	25
V205	possess tobacco or matches	46	40	33	25	20	18	20	6	11	17	4
V206	coming out of cell	11	7	5	6	17	5	3	10	3	7	5
V207	spit on another inmate	2	17	12	16	21	12	8	13	1	5	6
V208	going to an unauthorized area	7	3	3	8	9	7	6	6	2	5	11
V209	going into another's cell	2	0	12	18	10	10	11	6	2	6	3
V210	interfering with headcount	0	4	0	1	0	0	26	15	16	10	4
V211	making intoxicants	3	11	1	11	4	0	6	4	18	4	7
V212	planning an escape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Franks 2	21	22	20	26	29	14	20	23	25	29	31
V213	stealing		26	49	22	23	8	20	14	13	27	19
V214	misuse of medication	46					0		2	4	5	0
V215	making sexual threats	0	0	2	1	2		5				
V216	sexual proposals to staff	2	0	2	4	0	2	2	1	1	1	0
V217	consentual sexual acts	2	4	2	2	0	7	2	6	1	2	1
V218	threatening another inmate	18	17	25	21	18	27	18	6	17	15	26
V219	racketeering	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	C
V220	possess contraband	17	15	13	18	13	14	- 11	9	14	10	15
		0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
V221	failure to proceed as directed			169	196	155	159	164	211	92	90	73
V222	fighting with another inmate	135	149						64	36	36	38
V223	Let 14	46	57	56	44	61	59	63				64
1250	failure to move											64
V224	hinder or oppose staff	22	42	58	52	42	45	37	47	66	41	
				58	52	42	1	1	47	66	2	(
V224 V225	hinder or oppose staff blocking or propping a door	22	42	58 1 0			1 0					(
V224 V225 V226	hinder or oppose staff blocking or propping a door gang related activity	22 3 0	42 4 0	1	1	2	1	1	1	0	2	(
V224 V225 V226 V227	hinder or oppose staff blocking or propping a door gang related activity tampering with razor	22 3 0	42 4 0 2	1 0 3	1 0 0	2	0 0	1 0	1 0	0	2 0	(
V224 V225 V226 V227 V228	hinder or oppose staff blocking or propping a door gang related activity tampering with razor failure to follow visiting rules	22 3 0 1 2	42 4 0 2	1 0 3 2	1 0 0	2 0 0	0 0 2	1 0 4 4	1 0 1 3	0 0 0 4	2 0 0	(
V224 V225 V226 V227 V228 V229	hinder or oppose staff blocking or propping a door gang related activity tampering with razor failure to follow visiting rules attempting a Category 2	22 3 0 1 2	42 4 0 2 0	1 0 3 2 4	1 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 2	0 0 2 2 2	1 0 4 4 4 3	1 0 1 3 6	0 0 0 4 2	2 0 0 0 2	(
V224 V225 V226 V227 V228 V229 V230	hinder or oppose staff blocking or propping a door gang related activity tampering with razor failure to follow visiting rules attempting a Category 2 defecating or urinating in wrong location	22 3 0 1 2	42 4 0 2	1 0 3 2 4 2	1 0 0 0 7 2	2 0 0	0 0 2 2 2 2	1 0 4 4 4 3 3	1 0 1 3 6 2	0 0 0 4 2	2 0 0 0 2	(,
V224 V225 V226 V227 V228 V229	hinder or oppose staff blocking or propping a door gang related activity tampering with razor failure to follow visiting rules attempting a Category 2	22 3 0 1 2 0	42 4 0 2 0 1	1 0 3 2 4 2	1 0 0 0 7 2	2 0 0 1 2 4	1 0 0 2 2 2 2	1 0 4 4 3 1	1 0 1 3 6 2	0 0 0 4 2 0	2 0 0 0 2 0	(
V224 V225 V226 V227 V228 V229 V230	hinder or oppose staff blocking or propping a door gang related activity tampering with razor failure to follow visiting rules attempting a Category 2 defecating or urinating in wrong location	22 3 0 1 2	42 4 0 2 0	1 0 3 2 4 2	1 0 0 0 7 2	2 0 0 1 2	0 0 2 2 2 2	1 0 4 4 4 3 3	1 0 1 3 6 2	0 0 0 4 2	2 0 0 0 2	(,

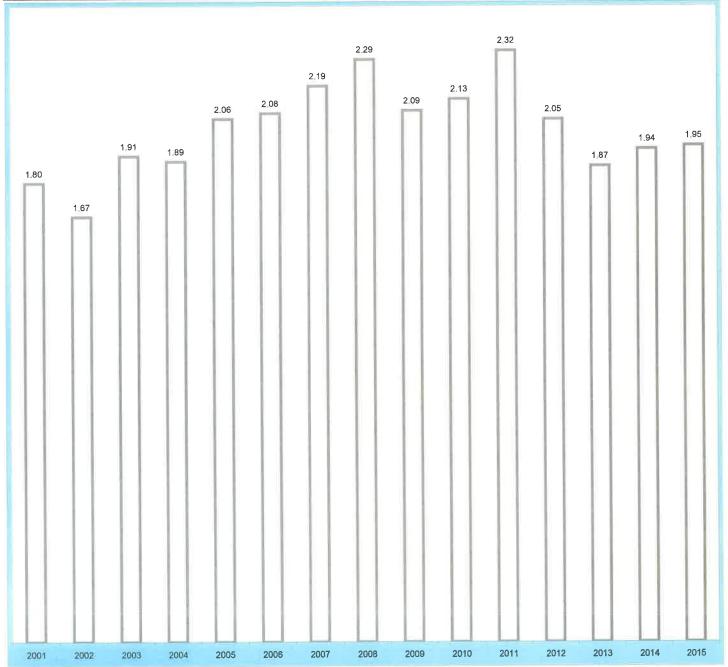
Total Counts of Incidents and Inmate Rule Violations (cont.)

Code	Description of Incident	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
V301	criminal code violation	1	0	0	0	1	1	6	0	2	1	2
V302	assaulting another inmate	43	36	65	75	66	49	50	62	43	49	42
V303	assaulting an inmate a weapon	2	1	4	0	4	0	1	4	3	0	2
V304	sexual assault another inmate	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0
V305	attempting to escape	2	2	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0
V306	walk away	15	9	11	5	0	- 1	1	0	1	0	3
V307	escape	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V308	rioting	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
V309	failure to obey an order	65	44	50	34	32	22	33	32	47	28	23
V310	failure to lock up	51	55	46	51	62	36	57	42	34	18	26
V310	arson or setting a fire	0	1	2	1	0	2	5	3	0	0	0
V311		7	5	3	7	2	1	0	1	2	1	0
V312	possess or make a weapon	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
	possession of an unauthorized tool	12	7	4	6	4	8	15	2	4	6	3
V314	possession of a narcotic	2	1	9	5	5	1	13	6	8	7	10
V315	introduction of contraband						5	6	5	5	5	4
V316	behavior which might cause injury	11	6	1	6	7		5	2	2	1	0
V317	tampering with locking device	1	0	4		0	3		7	7	2	10
V318	assaulting a staff person	8	3	6	7	6		2	0	0	0	0
V319	assaulting staff w/ a weapon	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			15	
V320	threatening a staff person	15	24	17	21	16	17	8	24	28	4	22 8
V321	spitting on a staff person	6	4	6	6	6	0	0	1	0	2	0
V322	tampering with staff property	2	12	2	8	7	17	31	10	14	13	14
V323 V324	causing damage to facility causing a flood	6	7	2	11	17	12	15	12	10	6	6
V324 V325	violation of honor camp program rules	28	25	36	12	3	16	0	0	0	0	0
V325	violation of work release program rules	140	204	99	52	70	82	48	61	71	89	80
V327	violation of work recease program rules	0	0	0	0	1	0	15	9	1	10	7
V328	violation of education pod rules	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V329	violation of trusty guidelines	25	15	5	4	8	9	8	6	47	48	71
V330	manipulate cell assignment	11	23	21	22	47	20	19	15	13	9	18
V331	attempt a Cat 3	5	0	1	3	8	1	0	8	2	1	2
V332	Possession of another inmates ID											0
V333	Indecent Exposure											5
V334	Sexual threat/ proposal another inmate											4
V335	Sexual proposal to staff											6
V336	Engage in consenting sex											0
V337	False accusation of sexual misconduct	460	400	205	220	274	309	331	319	351	318	372
_	Total Category 3 Violations	460	486	395	339	374	309	331	317	331	310	312
-1-	Total Category 3 Violations	277	248	249	270	301	210	282	258	279	229	289
1110	without V306, V325 & V326	211	240		-70	001			200			
4-11-1	Total of Cotons and Cotons and											
	Total of Category 2 and Category 3 Violations											=0=
		979	1036	980	922	891	809	868	837	749	730	785
Tota	al of All Categories of Rule Violations	7100	9320	8970	11042	7444	7783	7421	13344	9039	8122	8050
											-	
							2010	2011	2012	2012	0014	2015
	Description of Action	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Signal B	Brown (officer needs emergency assistance)	7	2	10	5	4	2	6	6	8	4	6
Signal V	Vhites called (inmate medical emergency)	17	21	28	16	19	13	19	33	32	45	39
	Blues called (suicide attempt in progress)	8	4	4	5	7	5	2	13	6	9	9
Signal B		33	42	57	58	47	41	72	92	83	63	61
-	Greens called (inmate fight in progress)	33					0	0	0	1	0	0
Signal C		0	0	2	0	0	0	V	- 0	- 5	- 0	
Signal C	Greens called (inmate fight in progress) Dranges called (fire)		0 123	129	100	138	72	87	115	160	169	231
Signal C Signal C Use of fo	Oranges called (fire) Oranges called (fire)	0										231 1299
Signal C Signal C Use of for Warning	Orens called (inmate fight in progress) Oranges called (fire) Orece reports g for a category 1 violation	0 163 149	123 260	129 323	100	138	72	87	115	160	169	
Signal C Signal C Use of for Warning One Day	Oranges called (fire) Oranges called (fire)	0 163	123	129	100 230	138 189	72 528	87 896	115 1091	160 1776	169 1563	1299

Number of Serious Rule Violations Indexed to Population

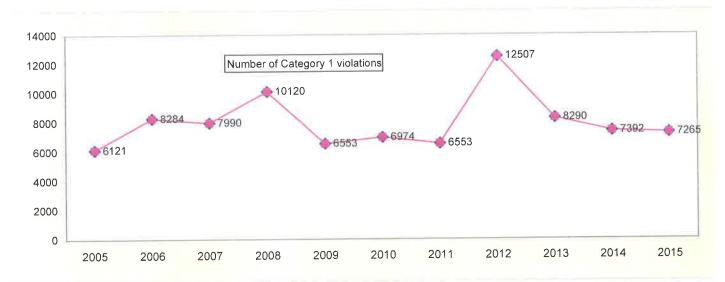
Most Accurate Way to Depict Change with Changing Inmate Population

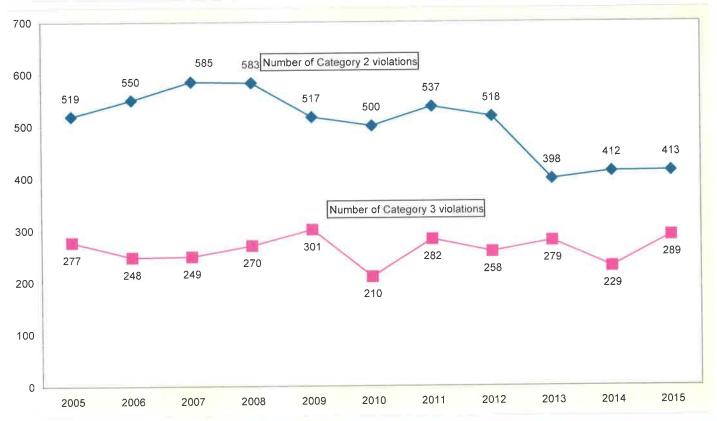
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Jail Bed Days	346,750	352,955	366,460	388,360	391,645	387,337	384,134	381,633	372,591	391,755	332,631	352,368	377,752	362,216	330,956	360,033
total rule																
violations	614	636	612	741	739	796	798	834	853	818	710	819	776	677	641	702
per 1000 Jail																
Bed Days	1.77	1.80	1.67	1.91	1.89	2.06	2.08	2.19	2.29	2.09	2,13	2.32	2.05	1.87	1.94	1,95



With fluxations in the jail population, converting Incident Based data to the number of rule violations committed per 1000 Jail Bed Days gives a more accurate picture of inmate behavior.

Total Number of Category 1, 2 and 3 Rule Violations in the Last Eleven Years







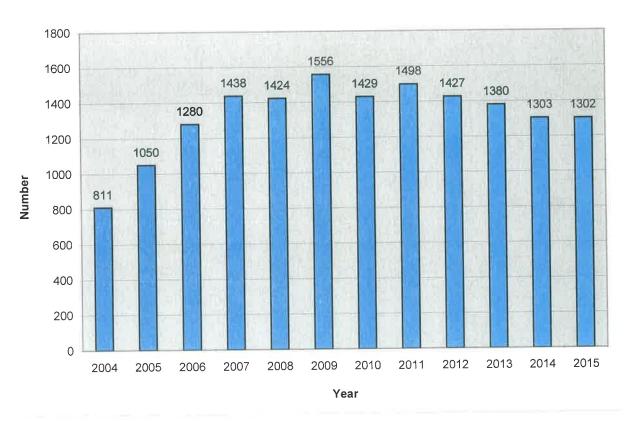
These graphs show the number of Category 1, 2, and 3 reports per year for the last few years. We have three levels of disciplinary rule violations in the jail. The most minor rule violations are Category 1 violations. Category 2 violations are more serious and Category 3 violations are the most serious. Our disciplinary philosophy is that we would rather deal with an inmate's misbehavior while it is still minor, which is why there are more Category 1 violations than 2's, and more 2's than 3's. Inmates committing Category 2 and 3 violations go to the jail's Disciplinary Segregation Unit to complete their disciplinary sanctions. This chart includes only those rule violations that occurred in the Main Jail.

Incident Trends - Main Jail 40

Gang Admissions Past Twelve Years

Month	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
January	66	85	106	137	112	124	99	117	111	130	118	102
February	67	73	76	100	74	119	103	94	121	97	87	98
March	76	86	126	127	114	123	123	138	122	131	73	112
April	44	102	101	117	141	133	119	134	121	120	123	110
May	45	95	118	126	121	149	130	120	131	125	138	
June	74	84	123	115	128	117	136	153	127	114	111	120
July	69	89		117	125	130	129	112	126	127	119	
August	71	105	98	119	130	145	141	133	130	125	111	121
September	79	70	138	105	134	140	107	136	123	89	104	
October	73	87	100	133	140	138	132	110	95	107	109	
November	77	80	89	123	97	118	107	111	130	106	90	
December					108	120	103	140	90	109	120	
Total	811	1050		1438	1424	1556	1429	1498	1427	1380	1303	1302

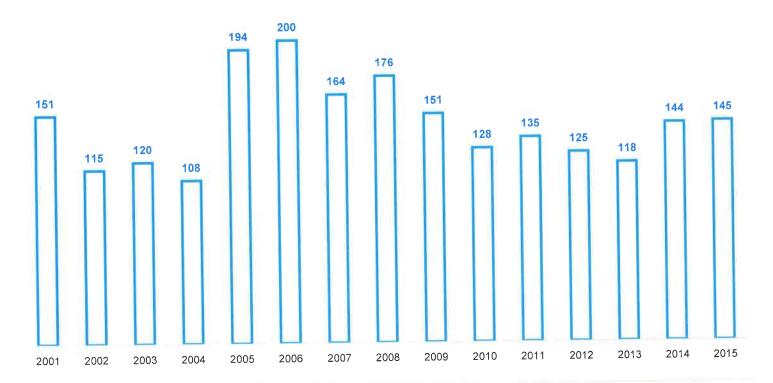
Gang Admissions Per Year



Index of Antisocial Inmate Behavior

Grouping of Rule Violations that Have to Do with Impolite or Socially Unacceptable Behavior

"Antisocial" acts	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
vulgar language	69	53	58	51	92	93	80	75	60	60	58	59	50	70	72
indecent exposure	4	4	3	5	6	4	4	7	3	5	3	6	4	7	7
possess tobacco	21	14	15	20	46	40	33	25	20	18	20	6	11	17	4
spit/throw liquid	20	11	11	4	2	17	12	16	21	12	8	13		5	6
making intoxicants	6	4	5	2	3	11	1	11	4	0	6	4	18		7
stealing	14	9	12	11	21	22	20	26	29	14	20	23	25		31
consenting sex	0	0	4	0	2	4	2	2	0	7	2	6	1	2	7
racketeering	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
urinating/defecating	5	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	4	2	1	2	0	0	0
possess narcotics	6	9	5	10	12	7	4	6	4	8	15		4	6	-
throw liquid on staff	6	8	4	1	6		6	6	6	2	2	3	4	4	
total	151	115	120	108	194	200	164	176	151	128	135	125	118	144	145



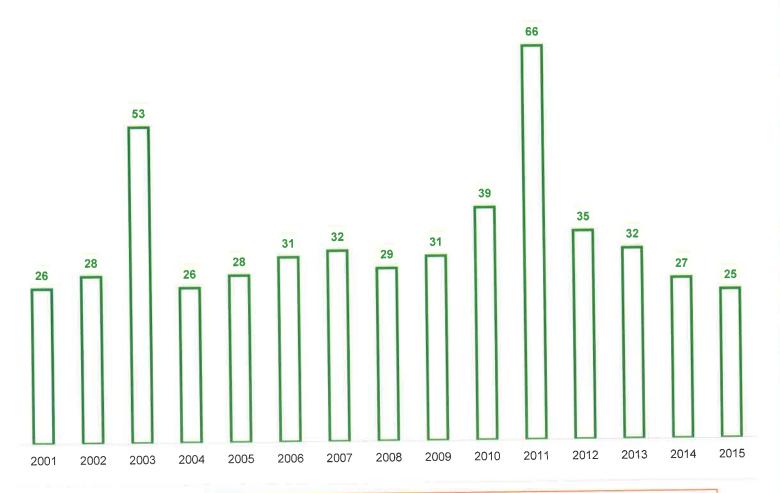


Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be **antisocial behavior**.

Antisocial Behavior

Index of Destructive Inmate Behavior Grouping of Rule Violations that Have to Do with Damaging Property

"Destructive" acts	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
tamper with razor	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	1
set or make a fire	1	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	5	3	0	0	0
possess a tool	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
behavior cause injury	2	2	1	8	11	6	1	6	7	5	6	5	5	5	4
tamper with lock	0	1	3	0	1	0	4	1	0	1	5	2	2	1	0
tamper staff property	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
damage to facility	12	19	15	11	6	12	2	8	7	17	31	10	14		14
flooding	8	2	6	9	0	7	2	11	17	12	15	12	10		6
total	26	28	53	26	28	31	32	29	31	39	66	35	32	27	25



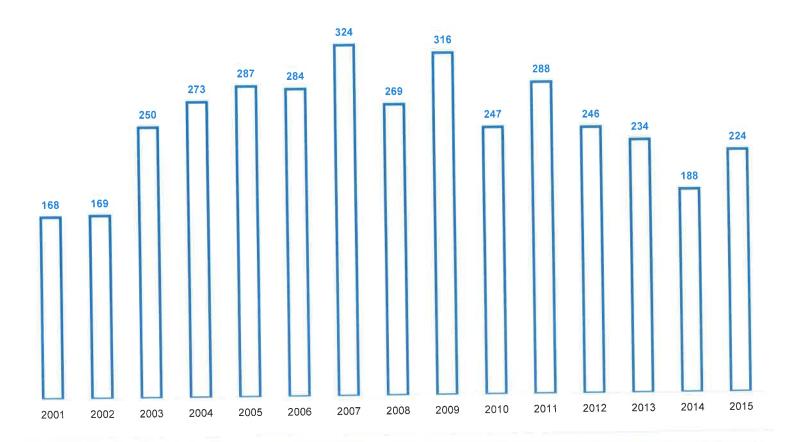


Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted inmate behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be **destructive behavior**. This chart shows a reduction in this type of unwanted inmate behavior over this time period.

Index of Noncompliant Inmate Behavior

Grouping of Rule Violations Relating to Not Following Orders

"Noncompliant" acts	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
failure to give name	4	1	1	0	2	4	3	1	1	23	16	2	1	0	1
	9	9	12	17	29	25	21	19	20	17	24	10	14	15	25
lying coming out of cell	3	2	4	16		7	5	6	17	5	3	10	3	7	5
going into other cell	5	7	1	4	2	0	12	18	10	10	11	6	2	6	3
misuse of meds	16	23	43		46	26	49	22	23	8	20	14	13	27	19
fail to proceed	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
failure to move	44	52	49	57	46	57	56	44	61	59	63	64	36	36	
hinder staff	28	13	31	42	22	42	58	52	42	45	37	47	66	41	64
visiting rules	2	3	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	2	4	3	4	0	
failure to obey	36	20	40	51	65	44	50	34	32			32	47	28	
fail to lock up	13	27	50	33	51	55	46	51	62	36		42	34		
manipulate cell	8	12	17	10	11	23	21	22	47	20	19	15	13		18
total	168	169	250	273	287	284	324	269	316	247	288	246	234	188	224





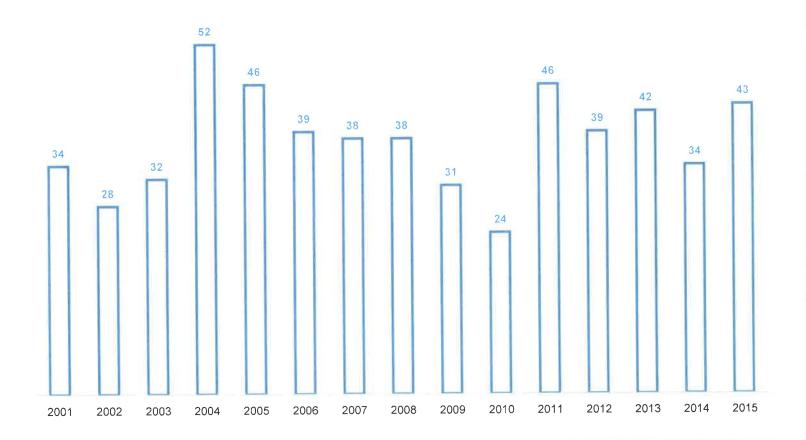
Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted inmate behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be *noncompliant behavior*.

Noncompliant Behavior 44

Index of Security Related Inmate Behavior

Grouping of Rule Violations Relating to Facility Security

"Security Related"	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
unauthorized area	4	6	6	4	7	3	3	8	9	7	6	6	2	5	11
interfere w/ count	0	1	4	9	0	4	0	1	0	0	26	15	16	10	4
plan to escape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
possess contraband	18	11	5	18	17	15	13	18	13	14	11	9	14	10	15
block / prop door	1	1	6	2	3	4	1	1	2	1	1	1	0	2	0
gang activity	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
attempt to escape	0	1	2	2	2	2	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0
walkaway	7	7	5	9	15	9	11	5	0	1	1	0	1	0	3
escape	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
introduce contraband	3	1	4	3	2	1	9	5	5	1	1	6	8	7	10
total	34	28	32	52	46	39	38	38	31	24	46	39	42	34	43



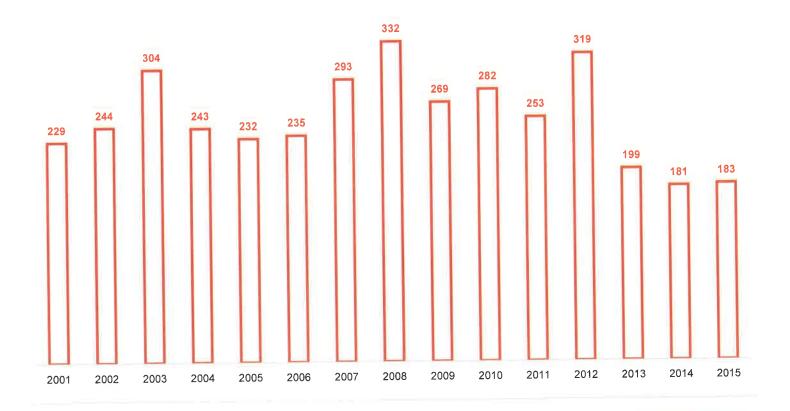


Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted inmate behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be *related to the security of the facility*. This time period shows a significant reduction in this type of unwanted inmate behavior.

Security Behavior 45

Index of Violent Inmate Behavior Grouping of Rule Violations Relating to Violent or Aggressive Behavior

"Violent" behavior	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
sexual threats	3	4	3	5	0	0	2	1	2	0	5	2	4	5	4
sex proposal to staff	2	1	0	5	2	0	2	4	0	2	2	1	1	1	4
threaten inmate	16	7	11	24	18	17	25	21	18	27	18	6	17	15	
fighting	127	161	185	116	135	149	169	196	155	159	164		92	90	
assault inmate	51	42	62	61	43	36	65	75	66	51	50	62	43	49	42
assault w/ weapon	5	1	5	1	2	1	4	0	4	0	1	4	3	0	2
sexually assault	2	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0
riot	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	0
possess weapon	5	7	13	3	7	5	3	7	2	1	. 0	1	2	1	0
assault staff	6	6	5	5	8	3	6	7	6	3	2	7	7	2	10
aslt staff w/ weapon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	1	0	0		
threatening staff	11	15	19	22	15	24	17	21	16	22	8	24	28		
total	229	244	304	243	232	235	293	332	269	282	253	319	199	181	183





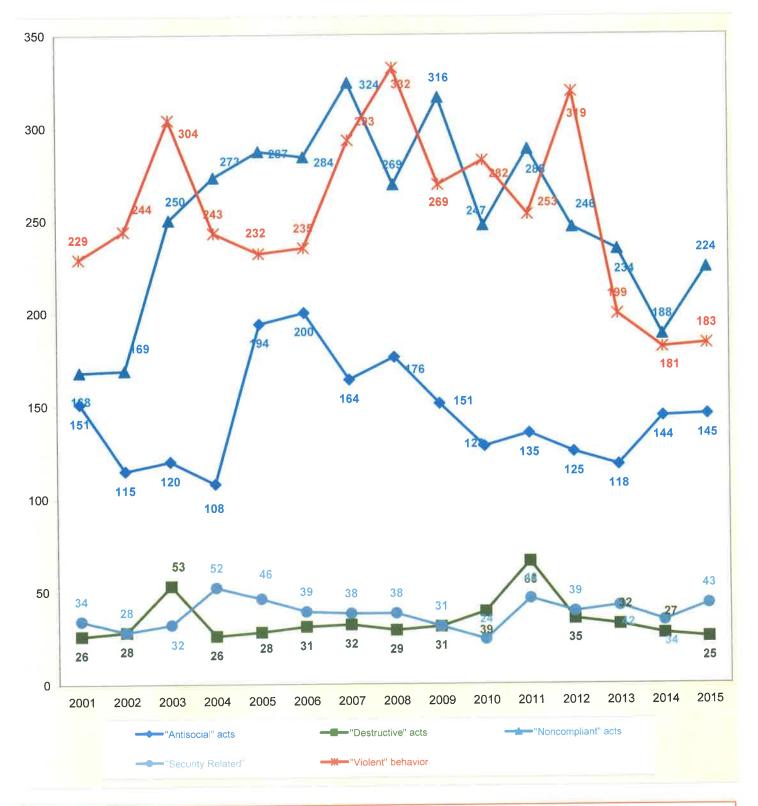
Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted inmate behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be *violent behavior*.

The last three years have been the lowest levels of violent behavior in over 15 years

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Comparison - Index of Inmate Behavior

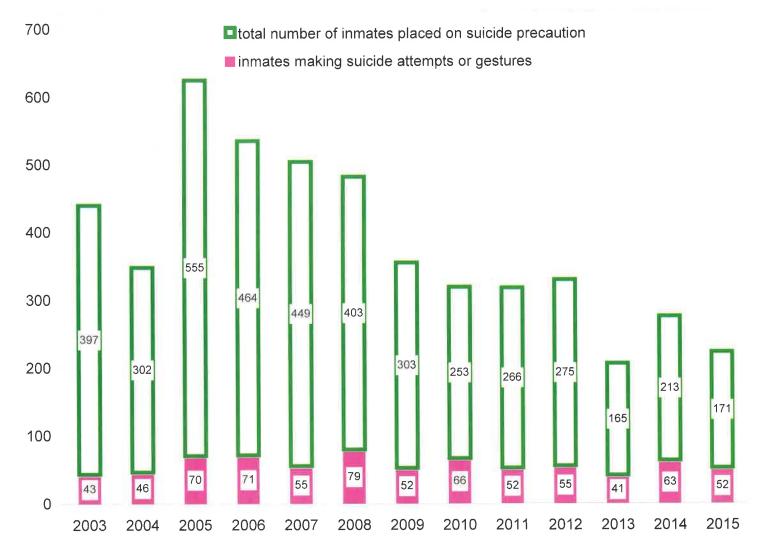
Compilation of the Previous Five Charts



This chart shows all five of the inmate behavior index's and how they performed over the last 15 years. This is a compilation of the data used in the previous five charts. Each category showed significant variation over this period. Keep in mind that the overall number of inmates in the Sheriff's custody decreased during the last few years.

Suicide Attempts or Gestures Compared with the Total Number of Suicide Precautions

KCCF 2003 through 2015



There were 8 successful suicides during this 13 year time period

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
inmates making suicide attempts or gestures	43	46	70	71	55	79	52	66	52	55	41	63	52
total number of inmates placed on suicide precaution	397	302	555	464	449	403	303	253	266	275	165	213	171

Our highest level of suicide precaution places inmates in a cell under constant video surveillance. We track how inmates get placed on that level of observation. Either they have made a suicide attempt or gesture, or they have made a suicidal threat to a staff person, or they have been judged to be suicidal following an interview by one of our mental health professionals. The chart above depicts the total number of "S-3's" (the highest level of precaution) and of that number, the number that were declared S-3's because of an actual in-progress attempt to harm themselves, either by hanging, an overdose, cutting themselves, jumping from a height, drowning in a toilet, banging their head, or some other means. This data shows that, on average, a jail deputy intervenes on a suicide attempt at least once each week.

Suicide Precaution 48

Inmate Behavior per Pod or Housing Unit

Minimum Custody Inmates Continue to be Best Behaved

Housing Unit	Number of Cat 2/3's	Index of Population
D1A Male Administrative Segregation	32	1.778
B3H Female Segregation	27	1.688
B3F Female Med Asslt / Maximum	23	1.438
Infirmary	9	1.125
D1D Juvenile Male	8	1.000
Intake	31	0.969
L2 Minimum/ Medium Male Trustees	56	0.875
D1B-F Med-Asslt / Close Male	32	0.842
H2C Minimum Male Work Release	44	0.688
B3B Medium/Minimum Female Pod	42	0.656
B2G Male Mental Health Unit	25	0.641
M1 Med Assit Males	41	0.641
B3D Female Medium & Program	19	0.594
M3 Med Assit Males	37	0.578
D2B Medium Males	49	0.527
H2B Minimum Program Males	31	0.484
D3A - Minimum Males	39	0.419
H2A Minimum Work Release Females	26	0.406
L3 Minimum Males	24	0.375
L1 Male Classification Pod	22	0.344
D3B Minimum Males	31	0.333
B2C Medium Males	10	0.313
D2A Medium Males	29	0.312
B2F BLP Program Pod - Med/Min Males	9	0.281
B3G Female Classification Pod	9	0.281
B2B Med Aslt BLP Program Males	6	0.188
D1A Male Disciplinary Segregation	4	0.133
B2D Reentry Pod	3	0.094

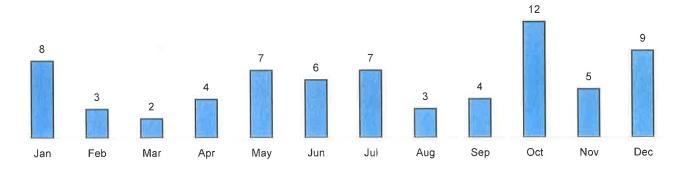


We have a number of separate housing units in the mail jail (their designations appear in the first column). We keep track of the number of inmates who must be moved out of each housing unit and placed in Disciplinary Segregation for a category 2 or 3 violation. We divide the number of rule violations by the number of inmates living in the housing unit to get an index for comparison purposes (this is the number in the third column). The lower the index, the better behaved the housing unit is. As you can tell from this table, the minimum (MINM) custody housing units are generally better behaved than the medium (MEDM) custody units, which are better behaved than the maximum (MAXM) custody units. The classification pods hold inmates who have not yet been assigned a custody level. The "Male Mental Health Unit" houses inmates with serious mental illness.

Number of Fights by Housing Unit

Many fights occur in higher custody levels

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	total
Intake							1				1		2
B2B													0
B2C	1												1
B2D													0
B2F											1		1
B2G													0
B3B					1	1	1	1				2	6
B3D										1			1
B3F					1		1			1			3
B3G													0
ВЗН													0
D1A										1			1
D1B	1						1			1		2	5
D1C										1			1
D1D										1			1
D1F	1						1			1	1	1	5
D2A	1			1									5 2 8
D2B		1	1		1	1	1			2	1		8
D3A	1				1								2
D3B			1	1									2
H2C	1	1											2
H1M						1							1
e la fina de sono de	1												0
1992 Jai	6	2	2	2	4	3	6	1	0	9	4	5	44
L1		(A)	1214	EUR	1		7 - 7	113111	BIN	1 100		Physical	1
L2	ton en				1	2		2.2				a riilas	3
L3	1		103	2	1		N III	1	1	1		أفيركارا	8
M1	1		Plant I		310	0,000	1	1	1			2	6
M2		119	12° /4 1				1 - J	118 4	I E LT	LT L		E IV	0
M3		1		4			5.70		2	2	1	2	8
2013 Jai	1 2			2	3	3	1	2	4		1	4	26
MJ tota					+				4		5		70



□ *TalkingPoint!* We no longer have the old linear jail which was removed in December 2012. The entire facility, with the exception of D1, B2 and B3, are now direct supervision. In the 1992 Jail - 57 % of our fights occur in non-direct supervision areas. 73% of our fights occur in Medium and Maximum custody areas.

Fights by Housing Unit 50

Jail Information Program Statistics

Corrections Officers Report Information on Possible Crimes

Badge #	Larceny	Car Theft	Drugs	Gang	Robbery	Murder	AssIt/CSC	Weapon	Arson	Total
384	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
465	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
101	i	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
663	1	0	6	0	1	2	0	0	2	12
509	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
669	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
521	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
573	0	0	2	0	2	1	3	0	0	8
235	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
406	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1
566	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
001	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
085	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
283	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
349	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
658	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
159	0	0	1	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	1
714	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
576	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
505	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
122	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
652	0	0	1	0	0	00	0	0	0	1
257	0	0		0	0	1	1	0	0	3
235	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
713	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
121	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	1
623	0	0	0	0	0	2	-0	0	0	2
114	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
649	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
660	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
154	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
										0
Tota	1 4	0	28	0	9	9	8	2	2	62

This table demonstrates how much information is gathered by the officers on particular crimes committed out in the community. Corrections Officers play a significant role in assisting law enforcement with criminal intelligence. This information assists local police agencies develop suspects which is many cases has led to the arrest and conviction of this person.

Health Services Report

HEALTH UNIT VISITS	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Average
# Seen by Physician	598	607	622	725	741	628	513	819	610	781	561	619	7,824	652
# Seen by Psychiatrist	115	180	151	160	113	169	136	162	124	108	35	47	1.500	125
# Seen on Nurse Sick Call	2,850	2.684	3.131	2,799	2.565	2,585	2,891	2,547	2.719	2.256	2.061	1.733	30,821	2,568
# Refused Nursing Sick Call	24	27	66	129	21	21	14	20	- 22	18	77	46	485	40
# Code Responses	9	5	14	11	15	26	18	7	9	11	17	8	150	13
# of Physicals Done	389	382	265	273	261	148	101	144	406	452	368	413	3.602	300
# of Physicals Refused	187	133	148	146	147	42	101	128	122	164	141	147	1,606	134
# Released Prior to	1.171	1.267	1.431	1.331	1,369	1,968	1,671	1,691	1.466	1.377	1,258	1,311	17.311	1,443
# Annual Physicals Done	2	3	4	0	3	3	2	6	3	3	3	2	34	3
# patients admitted to infirmary	8	18	17	19	17	18	14	8	11	8	10	11	159	13
# of infirmary days	93	75	112	85	77	98	95	51	55	15	71	81	908	76
# of TB's Placed	77	153	105	127	187	149	176	111	98	80	46	120	1,429	119
# of Positive TB's	3		0	()	***************************************	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
KITES														
# of Kites Received	1,885	1.671	2,036	1.945	2,369	2,335	2,229	2.524	2,442	1,838	1,580	1,596	24,450	2,038
# of Kites Completed	1,885	1,671				2,335		**************	2,442		*************	***************	24,450	2,038
DENTAL VISITS						2								
Dentist Visits	103	77	50	59	122	96	126	108	105	96	68	94	1,104	92
Fillings	3	I	0	0	1	3	3	0	3	2	0	0	16	1
X-Rays	106	91	63	93	171	110	119	133	88	101	96	102	1,273	106
Extractions	53	***************************************	33	30	41	40	44	37	32	34	25	38	437	36
Refusals	24		21	25	37	34	28	21	30	41	26	38	348	29
PHARMACY	27	20		20	01	04	20	21	00		20	50	340	
Weekly Total # on Meds	486	512	468	541	536	559	600	593	364	580	529	325	6,093	508
Daily Total # on Meds	489	447	487	518	484	537	596	503	542	509	496	503	6.111	509
% of Population on Meds	46.2%				innermore married	47.6%						***************************************	46.0%	46%
5.11					***************************************	***************************************	***************	**************	***************	······································		***********		**********************
Weekly Total # on Psych Meds	335	316	343	363	354	397	458	445	471	433	391	379	4,685	390
Daily Total # on Psych Meds	335	316	343	363	354	397 35.2%	452	357	369	361 31.8%	373	369	4,389	366
% on Psychotropic Meds		29.1%							*************	******************			30.1%	7
# on HIV Meds	9	8	8	10	7	9	8	4 070	8	6	4 404	3	84	1 401
Formulary Rx's	1,351	1,277	1,509	1,602	1,481	1778	1744		1498	1416	1404	1432	17,770	1,481
Non-Formulary Rx's	341	341	375	371	380	494	476	378	440	465	401	320	4,782	399
LAB/XRAY		0.11	0.10	005	0.40	005	200	004	201	004	000	200	0.040	0.10
# of Inmates With Labs Drawn	295			235	212	235			291	264	263	236	2,912	243
# of Lab Studies Done	682	522	478	536	484	468	392	489	652	548	565	489	6,305	525
# of OUILS Drawn	40	*****************	****************	28	47	34	26	53	37	35			440	37
# of Inmates X-rayed	42			44		43		29					453	38
# of X-rays Done	46	37	48	61	47	51	68	36	38	42	32	38	544	45
MISCELLANEOUS														
# of HIV Positive in House	11	14		16			15			mmmmmm)			132	11
# of AIDS in House	0			0	***************************************		0	0	0	0	0	innummenting	0	0
# of New HIV/AIDS in House	6	9	(****************** *	9		****************	8	3		4	5		75	6
# of Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHRONIC CARE CLINIC														
Cardiac & Hypertension	64	52	52	65	62	55	63	67	72	62	64	67	745	62
Pulmonary	29	20	22	31	33	24	24	30	39	19	29	41	341	28
Endocrine	25	13	17	18	20	19	18	21	26	29	25	22	253	21
Infectious Disease	3		4	4	4	2	2	14	11	13	18	12	89	7
Neurological- Seizure	13	6	9	21	15		7	22	13	9	12	11	153	13
Special Needs	9	3	4	8	10		6		3			4	68	6
Chronic Care Totals	143	96	108	147	144	119	120	162	164	136			1,649	137
SEG ROUNDS														
MD Segregation Visits	39	39	34	33	24	42	15	39	37	37	28	44	411	34
# of Nurse Seg Rounds	16	ā	(a)	16	***************************************	Ž				12	ķ	***************************************		13
# of Inmates Seen	435	ф	φ	532					,,,,,,,,,,	···	presentation.	*************	CHICALIDED SMITH	380
J. mates seen	i	I			i	l		1	I	t	I	i	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

Medical Services 52

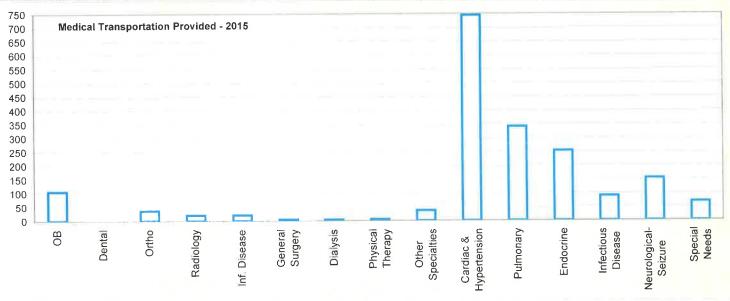
Health Services Report Totals for Prior Years

HEALTH UNIT VISITS	2007 totals	2008 totals	2009 totals	2010 totals	2011 totals	2012 totals	2013 totals	2014 totals	2015 totals
# Seen by Physician	5,881	8,688	8,293	8,636	8,288	7,769	8,039	7,194	7,824
# Seen by Psychiatrist	6,352	6,927	3,455	2,263	3,164	4,543	1.979	1,426	1,500
# Seen on Nurse Sick Call	18,642	21,276	50,247	48,139	40,847	40,195	42,321	35,582	30,821
# Refused Nursing Sick Call	855	602	708	681	747	525	640	352	485
# Code Responses	19	40	49	38	59	107	105	174	150
# of Physicals Done	2,189	2,843	2,508	2,521	2,282	3,875	4,226	4,428	3,602
# of Physicals Refused	4,274	20,051	21.067	10,846	4,032	3,092	1,479	1,287	1,606
# Released Prior to						17,913	17,395	7,988	17,311
# Annual Physicals Done	k					21	27	24	34
# patients admitted to infirmary		····				80	114	129	159
# of infirmary days						229	368	568	908
# of TB's Placed	1,183	1,049	1,536	1,348	1,177	1,310	1,781	1,088	1,429
# of Positive TB's	1,189	1,047	23	24		13	10	5	3
KITES	10	12	2.5	27		13	10		
# of Kites Received	23,297	21,915	26,758	18,022	14,885	30,487	32,571	20,767	24,450
B	Terror conservation of the contract of the con			18,022	14,885	30,487	32,571	20,767	24,450
# of Kites Completed	23,297	21,915	26,758	18,022	14,000	30,467	32,371	20,707	24,430
DENTAL VISITS	1.440	1.262	1.454	1.461	1.542	1.552	1.400	1.206	1.104
Dentist Visits	1,440	1,362	1,454	1,461	1,542	1,552 23	1,490 26	1,206	1,104 16
Fillings	1,086	1	5	16	[1]	distriction of the second second		1 202	
X-Rays	560	1,444	1,454	1,335	1,346	1.409	1,377	1,202	1,273
Extractions	24	675	711	668	630	572	529	553	437
Refusals	132	180	143	153	282	369	389	365	348
PHARMACY									
Weekly Total # on Meds	6,519	5,881	6,690	6,660	6,294	6,699	6,988	6,157	6,093
Daily Total # on Meds	3,924	4,389	4,619	3,566	3,420	4,957	4,385	4,285	6,111
% of Population on Meds	25.2%	28.0%	28.0%	0	45,0%	45.0%	49.0%	46.0%	46.0%
Weekly Total # on Psych Meds	3,164	2,171	3,623	3,792	4,335	4,885	5,542	4,444	4,685
Daily Total # on Psych Meds	2,348	2,272	2,556	2,784	2,916	3,794	4,099	4,331	4,389
% on Psychotropic Meds	15.0%	14.5%	14.5%	0	0	32,0%	39.0%	34.0%	30.1%
# on HIV Meds	44	40	53	49	82	85	77	75	84
Formulary Rx's	24,484	26,619	30,539	21,059	19,828	22,184	24,964	17,376	17,770
Non-Formulary Rx's	1.869	1,670	2,039	615	1,226	3,847	7,304	4,775	4,782
LAB/XRAY									
# of Inmates With Labs Drawn	2,594	2,349	2,279	2,067	1,592	1,992	2,537	2,682	2,912
# of Lab Studies Done	4,663	4,428	6,392	4,810	3,289	4,861	6,021	6,344	6,305
# of OUILS Drawn	456	402	340	348	407	388	342	412	440
# of Inmates X-rayed	276	245	257	293	283	320	447	503	453
# of X-rays Done	318	317	297	293	298	360	511	573	544
MISCELLANEOUS									
# of HIV Positive in House	20	36	51	43	63	82	50	103	132
# of AIDS in House	18	34	47	42	49	4	0	Ö	0
# of New HIV/AIDS in House	3	3	9	************************		22	25	60	75
# of Deaths	1	1	1	3	4	1	1	3	0
CHRONIC CARE CLINIC									
Cardiac & Hypertension	300	442	315	315	292	292	724	619	745
Pulmonary	192	326	157	[::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		I 10	414	282	341
Endocrine	104	134	80	Description 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	***************************************	94	186		253
Infectious Disease	104		24	\$100,000 \$140,000 100,000 -	\$44+4+4+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	11	26		89
Neurological- Seizure	45		44		\$14-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	57	103	82	153
)	21	(b. 0.10.0.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000	22	(acomo - como contrario contrario de la fer	**************************************	52	103		68
Special Needs Chronic Core Totals	672		646	(1)			1,559	1,583	1,649
Chronic Care Totals	0/2	1,009	040	040	010	010	1,339	1,263	1,049
SEG ROUNDS	F0.0	1.000	1.579	15/5	1 125	1.136	(51	126	A11
MD Segregation Visits	726	\$440-4	1,567	[\$	0.131 001001141004141411100414-041 0014	654		411
# of Nurse Seg Rounds	127		166	District Control of the Control of t		201	163	146	158
# of Inmates Seen	5,695	6,467	6,668	6,668	9,275	9,275	5,953	4,344	4,559

Medical Services over Time 53

Medical Transports in 2015

HOSPITAL VISITS	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Pre-Bookings	5	8	4	4	6	5	8	6	4	4	5	9	68
ER Visits	15	12	10	16	25	22	16	6	10	16	8	17	173
Non-Medicaid Hospital Admits	I.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
Medicaid Hospital Admits	6	2	3	5	5	4	5	0	2	4	1	4	41
Non-Medicaid Psych Hosp Admit	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Medicaid Psych Hospital Admits	0	()	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Non-Medicaid Hospital Days	2	7	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	16
Medicaid Hospital Days	22	5	14	16	17	24	20	0	9	18	26	17	188
Non-Medicaid Psych Hosp Days	0	0	0	0	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62
Medicaid Psych Hospital Days	0	0	0	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
Average Length of Medical Stay	0.70	0.42	0.45	0.70	0.54	1.00	0.64	0.00	0.36	0.58	0.86	0.58	0.75
Average Length of Psych Stay	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ambulance Transports	10	3	4	12	15	11	10	4	5	9	1	3	87
OFF SITE VISITS										,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
OB	5	9	12	7	10	6	13	10	9	9	6	10	106
Dental	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0
Ortho	7	4	0	2	1	6	9	3	1	1	0	2	36
Radiology	4	2	1	0	2	5	0	1	3	2	1	0	21
Inf. Disease	1	I	5	1	0	0	6	5	0	2	0	0	21
General Surgery	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	5
Dialysis	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Physical Therapy	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Other Specialties	10	5	10	1	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	4	37
Cardiac & Hypertension	64	52	52	65	62	55	63	67	72	62	64	67	745
Pulmonary	29	20		31	Personal control of	24	24	30	39	19	29	41	341
Endocrine	25	13	17	18	20	19	18	21	26	29	25	22	253
Infectious Disease	3	2	4	4	4	2	2	14	11	13	18	12	89
Neurological- Seizure	13	6	9	21	15	1.5	7	22	13	9	12	11	153
Special Needs	9	3	4	8	10	4	6	8	3	4	5	4	68



Responses to Medical Survey Completed in Intake by Nurse

Question	% of Yes	% of No
Do you have any current or past medical illness or health condition?	51.97%	48.03%
2. Do you have seizures or epilepsy?	5.29%	94.71%
3. Do you have asthma?	8.88%	91.12%
4. Do you have diabetes?	3.92%	96.08%
5. Do you have hepatitis?	2.84%	97.16%
6. Do you have HTN?	12.95%	87.05%
7. Do you have a heart condition?	2.63%	97.37%
8. Do you have an abnormal skin condition?	0.89%	99.11%
9. Do you have allergies?	23.85%	76.15%
10. Are you currently pregnant?	1.73%	98.27%
11. Have you given birth within the last 6 weeks?	0.18%	99.82%
12. Do you suffer from gynecological problems?	0.29%	99.71%
13. Have you recently had a head injury?	0.86%	99.14%
14. Do you have any infected wounds?	0.18%	99.82%
15. Do you have any dental problems?	11.41%	88.59%
16. Are you vomiting?	0.07%	99.93%
17. Have you been hospitalized due to a medical condition within the past month?	3.77%	96.23%
18. Are you currently receiving treatment for a medical condition?	27.33%	72.67%
19. Are you taking any medications?	36.06%	63.94%
20. Are you under a physician's care?	39.07%	60.93%
21. Is there anything else we need to know about your medical health history?	0.29%	99.71%
22. Do you want a jail physical?	92.03%	7.97%
23. Do you have any current or past history of an infectious disease?	2.29%	97.71%
24. Do you have any current or past history of TB?	0.62%	99.38%
25. Current symptoms of TB?	0.62%	99.38%
26. Current symptoms of TB - Chronic cough w/ blood? Are you coughing up blood?	0.00%	100.00%
27. Current symptoms of TB - Have you had recent weight loss?	0.00%	100.00%
28. Current symptoms of TB - Have you had a recent appetite loss?	0.00%	100.00%
29. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have a fever?	0.00%	100.00%
30. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have night sweats?	0.00%	100.00%
31. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have fatigue?	0.00%	100.00%
32. Do you have any current sexually transmitted illnesses?	1.18%	98.82%
33. Do you currently have crabs?	0.00%	100.00%
34. Do you have currently have scables?	0.00%	100.00%
35. Is there anything else we need to know about your infectious disease history?	1.69%	98.31%
36. Is the inmate oriented x 3	98.16%	1.84%
37. Normal gait?	96.80%	3.20%
38. Normal breathing?	98.40%	1.60%
39. Normal skin appearance?	95.17%	4.83%
40. Tremors?	0.70%	99.30%
41. Sweating?	0.10%	99.90%
42. Anxious?	2.02%	97.98%
43. Disheveled?	1.76%	98.24%
44. Lethargic?	0.35%	99.65%
45. Angry or agressive behavior?	0.31%	99.69%
46. Presents as Cognitively challenged?	0.16%	99.84%
47. Presents as Confused and/or disoriented?	0.07%	99.93%
48. Crying?	0.71%	99.29%
49. Do you have health insurance?	49.92%	50.08%
50. Dental Screening Performed?	94.17%	5.83%
51. Referral to Nursing?	32.44%	67.56%
52. Referral to Physician?	19.83%	80.17%
53. Referral to Dentist?	1.31%	98.69%
54. Referral to Mental Health?	29.89%	70.11%
55: Vital Signs Taken?	91.56%	8.44%

"Yes" Responses to Medical Survey Compared with Prior Years

Question	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
1. Any current or past health condition?	26.64%	25.82%	24.61%	19.86%	26.13%	39.27%	26.65%	47.92%	51.97%
2. Do you have seizures or epilepsy?	2.58%	2.18%	2.62%	2.44%	3.41%	4.45%	2.58%	4.39%	5.29%
3. Do you have asthma?	7.93%	7.45%	7.56%	6.63%	8.20%	8.90%	7.93%	8.12%	8.88%
4. Do you have diabetes?	3.45%	3.32%	3.41%	3.03%	3.35%	3.86%	3.45%	3.70%	3.92%
5. Do you have hepatitis?	1.88%	1.66%	1.72%	1.52%	1.83%	2.44%	1.88%	2.47%	2.84%
6. Do you have HTN?	7.61%	7.90%	9.04%	8.59%	9.65%	10.51%	7.61%	11.34%	12.95%
7. Do you have a heart condition?	2.64%	2.22%	2.29%	1.89%	3.10%	3.74%	2.64%	2.76%	2,63%
8. Do you have an abnormal skin condition?	2.88%	1.73%	1.45%	1.06%	3.67%	5.12%	2.88%	1.20%	0.89%
9. Do you have allergies?	18.74%	16.80%	14.98%	14.03%	16.58%	20.62%	18,74%	20.86%	23.85%
10. Are you currently pregnant?	1.05%	0.97%	1.14%	1,12%	1.30%	1.23%	1.05%	1.95%	1.73%
11. Have you given birth within the last 6 weeks?	0.20%	0.17%	0.20%	0.21%	0.24%	0.19%	0.20%	0.20%	0.18%
12. Do you suffer from gynecological problems?	0.41%	0.25%	0.20%	0.13%	0.32%	0.37%	0.41%	0.15%	0.29%
13. Have you recently had a head injury?	1.35%	0.91%	0.97%	0.48%	1.59%	1.75%	1.35%	0.85%	0.86%
14. Do you have any infected wounds?	0.83%	0.52%	0.53%	0.33%	0.40%	0.47%	0.83%	0.13%	0.18%
15. Do you have any dental problems?	10.15%	13.42%	14.30%	7.05%	11.19%	12.38%	10.15%	8.14%	11.41%
16. Are you vomiting?	0.29%	0.25%	0.20%	0.18%	0.21%	0.21%	0.29%	0.06%	0.07%
17. Been hospitalized within the past month?	4.18%	4.04%	3.66%	9.36%	4.96%	6,41%	4.18%	3.84%	3.77%
18. Are you currently receiving treatment?	13.53%	13.34%	13.19%	22.67%	14.89%	14.89%	13.53%	26.89%	27.33%
19. Are you taking any medications?	26.81%	24.85%	25.60%	15.27%	24.22%	26.07%	26.81%	31.71%	36.06%
20. Are you under a physician's care?	21.93%	22.93%	21.07%	0.60%	20.15%	32.01%	21.93%	33.88%	39.07%
21. Is there anything else we need to know?	3.67%	1.39%	0.83%	12.47%	12.47%	0.58%	3.67%	0.27%	0.29%
22. Do you want a jail physical?	20.40%	17.73%	17.39%	0.46%	30.21%	74.94%	20.40%	89.75%	92.03%
23. Any current or history of infectious disease?	1.15%	0.89%	0.59%	0.50%	1.08%	1.54%	1.15%	1.39%	2.29%
24. Do you have any current or past history of TB?	1.03%	0.92%	0.59%	0.02%	0.06%	1.14%	1.03%	0.74%	0.62%
25. Current symptoms of TB?	0.04%	0.06%	0.04%	0.41%	0.41%	0.41%	0.04%	0.06%	0.62%
26. Current symptoms of TB - Cough w/ blood?	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.04%	0.02%	0.00%
27. Current symptoms of TB - Recent weight loss?	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.08%	0.01%	0.00%
28. Current symptoms of TB - Recent appetite loss?	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%
29. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have a fever?	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%
30. Current symptoms of TB - Night sweats?	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.13%	0.01%	0.00%
31. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have fatigue?	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05%	0.01%	0.00%
32. Any current sexually transmitted illnesses?	0.55%	0.51%	0.47%	0.01%	0.72%	1.08%	0.55%	0.66%	1.18%
33. Do you currently have crabs?	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.02%	0.01%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%
34. Do you have currently have scables?	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.12%	0.06%	0.04%	0.02%	0.03%	0.00%
35. Anything else about infectious disease history?	0.19%	0.15%	0.19%	2.57%	0.29%	0.49%	0.19%	0.86%	1.69%
36. Is the inmate oriented x 3	99.66%	99.59%	99.37%	99.58%	99.44%	97.43%	99.66%	97.90%	98.16%
37. Normal gait?	98.61%	98.67%	98.21%	98.58%	98.51%	96.60%	98.61%	96.50%	96.80%
38. Normal breathing?	99.63%	99.56%	99.47%	99.60%	99.50%	97.70%	99.63%	97.93%	98.40%
39. Normal skin appearance?	96.61%	67.21%	96.86%	97.06%	95.99%	92.02%	96.61%	93.48%	95.17%
40. Tremors?	0.55%	0.35%	0.75%	0.54%	0.64%	0.64%	0.55%	0.45%	0.70%
41. Sweating?	0.09%	0.08%	0.26%	0.18%	0.17%	0.20%	0.09%	0.13%	0.10%
42. Anxious?	0.69%	0.59%	0.99%	0.63%		1.50%	0.69%	1.94%	2.02%
43. Disheveled?	0.43%	0.52%	1.00%	0.72%	1.22%	1.31%	0.43%	1.28%	1.76%
44. Lethargic?	0.38%	0.38%	0.43%	0.33%	0.41%	0.47%	0.38%	0.42%	0.35%
45. Angry or agressive behavior?	0.33%		0.37%		0.46%	0.68%	0.33%	0.50%	
46 Presents as Cognitively challenged?	0.20%	0.14%	0.19%				0.20%	0.18%	
47. Presents as Confused and/or disoriented?	0.16%	0.13%	0.15%	0.15%	0.32%	0.19%	0.16%	0.13%	0.07%
48. Crying?	0.56%	0.57%	0.80%				0.56%	0.94%	
49. Do you have health insurance?	19.22%		12.98%		1.11%		19.22%	29.96%	
50. Dental Screening Performed?	93.98%		92.16%				93.98%	95.15%	94.17%
51. Referral to Nursing?	2.88%	5.61%	7.16%				2.88%	28.20%	
52. Referral to Physician?	1.88%	1.44%	2.59%				1.88%	21.30%	
53. Referral to Dentist?	0.64%	0.62%	0.61%				0.64%	1.35%	1.31%
54. Referral to Mental Health?	1.36%		2.38%				1.36%	18.46%	
55. Vital Signs Taken?	27.10%		28,35%				27.10%	89.92%	
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Answers to Mental Health Screening Completed in Intake

Question	% Yes	% No
Are you currently taking medication that has not been prescribed to you?	0.8%	99.2%
Are you currently drunk or high?	4.1%	95.9%
Do you use illegal drugs?	17.4%	82.6%
Do you currently use alcohol?	33.0%	67.0%
Do you have alcohol withdrawal concerns?	4.5%	95.5%
Do you have drug withdrawal concerns?	4.9%	95.1%
Have you ever received treatment for substance abuse?	6.0%	94.0%
Have you ever had alcohol or drug withdrawal?	6.4%	93.6%
Is there anything else we need to know about your substance abuse history?	1.4%	98.6%
Are you taking medications for mental health issues?	18.0%	82.0%
Have you ever been treated for ADHD?	12.6%	87.4%
Have you ever been treated for developmental disorders?	0.1%	99.9%
Have you ever been treated for an eating disorder?	0.0%	100.0%
Have you ever been in special education?	0.3%	99.7%
Have you ever had a seizure and/or been treated for a seizure disorder?	5.3%	94.7%
Have you ever been diagnosed as bipolar?	12.8%	87.2%
Have you ever been diagnosed with schizophenia?	4.2%	95.8%
Have you ever had a learning disability?	0.2%	99.8%
Does anyone in your family have or had a mental illness?	1.1%	98.9%
Have you ever been case managed for a mental illness?	4.6%	95.4%
Have you ever been treated in a psychiatric hospital?	9.0%	91.0%
Have you ever been self-abusive or engaged in self mutilation behavior?	2.9%	97.1%
Are you feeling homicidal now?	0.2%	99.8%
Have you ever been physically abused?	1.0%	99.0%
Have you ever had suicidal attempts or thoughts, now or ever?	5.7%	94.3%
Have you having suicial thoughts now or thinking of harming yourself now?	1.0%	99.0%
Do you have any current or past losses that you are feeling grief and depression over?	0.4%	99.6%
Has anyone in your family ever taken their own life?	0.2%	99.8%
Have you experienced a life threatening or abusive event that still bothers you today?	0.2%	99.8%
Are you currently having feelings of hopelessness or helplessness?	0.9%	99.1%
Do you have a support system in the community that you can depend on?	83.4%	16.6%
Have you ever experienced auditory, visual, ofactory, or tactial hallucinations?	0.3%	99.7%
Has inmate ever had or experienced delusional thinking?	0.1%	99.9%

□ *TalkingPoint!* Every offender brought to jail is evaluated by a medical professional while still in Intake. The answers to the mental health survey questions they are asked are summarized above. The data in this table is based on 24,000 offenders who came to jail during 2015.

"YES" Answers to Mental Health Screening in Recent Years

Question	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Have you been hospitalized due to a medical condition	9.4%	9.2%	9.4%	13.0%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
within the last year?								
Are you currently taking medication that has not been prescribed to you?	0.6%	0.7%	0.4%	0.8%	0.9%	0.7%	80.0%	0.8%
Are you currently drunk or high?	14.5%	14.6%	4.2%	16.1%	7.7%	4.7%	4.8%	4.1%
Do you use illegal drugs?	13.6%	12.0%	12.5%	15.4%	13.8%	13.6%	15.3%	17.4%
Do you currently use alcohol?	37.2%	35.7%	36.9%	47.7%	33.8%	33.6%	36.9%	33.0%
Have you ever had alcohol or drug withdrawal?	3.4%	3.5%	3.5%	4.8%	3.5%	3.3%	3.5%	6.4%
Received treatment for substance abuse?	26.6%	23.9%	22.8%	29.5%	11.3%	8.2%	8.0%	6.0%
Have you ever been treated for mental illness?	19.5%	20.6%	20.4%	19.3%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Have you ever been treated for ADHD?	3.8%	4.3%	3.6%	6.3%	n/a	8.8%	11.1%	12.6%
Been treated for developmental disorders?	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.8%	n/a	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Have you ever been treated for an eating disorder?	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	n/a	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Have you ever been in special education?	6.6%	6.3%	10.1%	8.1%	n/a	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%
Have you been treated for a closed head injury?	3.6%	4.8%	4.7%	4.7%	n/a	1.4%	n/a	n/a
Have you ever had a seizure and/or been treated for a seizure disorder?	2.7%	3.2%	3.5%	4.3%	n/a	2.6%	n/a	5.3%
Are you on any medications?	18.7%	19.6%	17.8%	22.7%	n/a	26.8%	n/a	n/a
Taking the medications for mental health issues?	13.7%	13.9%	15.5%	12.5%	12.5%	13.4%	12.2%	18.0%
Does anyone in your family have a mental illness?			4.6%	2.6%	2.2%	1.3%	1.2%	1.1%
	3.0%	3.6%						
Case managed for mental illness?	2.5%	2.4%	2.3%	2.1%	4.3%	3.7%	4.5%	4.6%
Treated in a psychiatric hospital?	8.8%	9.3%	9.3%	8.6%	8.4%	7.0%	8.7%	9.0%
Have you ever been self-abusive or engaged in self	1.8%	1.9%	2.2%	2.0%	2.7%	1.2%	1.3%	2.9%
mutilation behavior or feeling homicidal now?	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%
Homicidal thoughts or attempts?	0.2%	0.2%	0.276	1.9%	1.6%	1.0%	1.1%	1.0%
Have you ever been physically abused?	0.70/	0.40/	0.00/			7.0%		5.7%
Suicidal attempts or thoughts, now or ever?	9.7%	9.4%	8.2%	9.9%	7.3%		6.7%	
Have you having suicidal thoughts now?	1.0%	1.0%	0.9%	1.2%	1.4%	1.2%	1.2%	1.0%
Do you have any current or past losses that you are feeling grief and depression over?	2.3%	2.9%	1.0%	4.1%	1.1%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%
Has anyone in your family taken their own life?	1.4%	2.1%	2.3%	3.8%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Have you ever experienced a life threatening or	1.4 70	2.170	2.570	3.070	0.570	0.270		
abusive event that still bothers you today?	1.1%	1.3%	0.4%	3.8%	0.6%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Are you currently having feelings of hopelessness or								
helplessness?	3.1%	2.6%	0.7%	7.3%	1.9%	1.3%	1.2%	0.9%
Do you have a support system in the community that	94.2%	95.4%	90.3%	92.8%	78.6%	82.9%	80.8%	83.4%
you can depend on?	94.270	95.470	90.5%	92.070	70.070	02.970	00.076	03.470
Have you ever been or are you currently on parole or probation?	44.7%	41.5%	46.0%	50.5%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Are you currently on Disability or Social Security?	7.2%	7.2%	7.5%	6.1%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Is the inmate orientated to person, place and time?	96.0%	97.9%	93.7%	98.1%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Have you ever experienced auditory, visual, olfactory,								
or tactical hallucinations?	2.5%	2.4%	2.4%	3.0%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%
Has inmate ever had or experienced delusional	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%

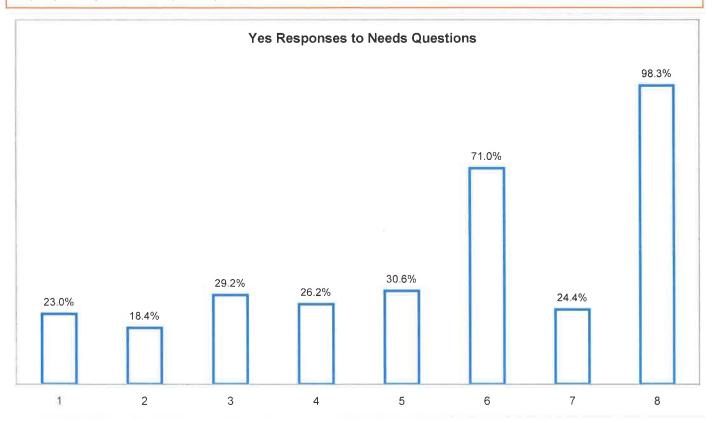
□ *TalkingPoint!* Every offender brought to jail is evaluated by a medical professional while still in Intake. The percentage of the mental health survey questions that were answered YES appear on this table. The data in this table is based on the approximately 24,000 offenders each year who came to jail during these years. The form has changed which is why there are now some blanks.

Inmate Needs Reported in Classification Interview

Offenders Come to Jail with a Number of Needs

Question:	% Yes	% No
1. HEALTH ISSUES: Does this inmate report having any unresolved medical issues which would require you to contact medical, or does this inmate have any health problems that would affect their housing?	23.0%	77.0%
2. MENTAL STABILITY: Does this inmate have mental health problems, including suicidal ideation, that would affect their housing?	18.4%	81.6%
3. ALCOHOL ABUSE: Does the inmate admit to having an alcohol problem, or does the inmate appear to have an alcohol problem in your judgement?	29.2%	70.8%
4. DRUG ABUSE: Does the inmate admit to a drug problem, or does the inmate appear to have a problem with drugs in your judgement?	26.2%	73.8%
5. PAST TREATMENT: Does the inmate indicate past treatment for their drug or alcohol problem? If so, record where, when, and if they are interested in continuing treatment.	30.6%	69.4%
6. EDUCATIONAL HISTORY: Does the inmate have a GED or a high school diploma? If not, is the inmate interested in continuing their education in the main jail or honor camp?	71.0%	29.0%
7. VOCATIONAL SKILLS: Does the inmate have a marketable skill or trade that is used to support himself and his family? (Answer "Yes" if this is true, and "No" if is the inmate has no skills, limited training, or little or no employment history.)	24.4%	75.6%
8. LITERACY: Can this inmate read and write the English language?	98.3%	1.7%

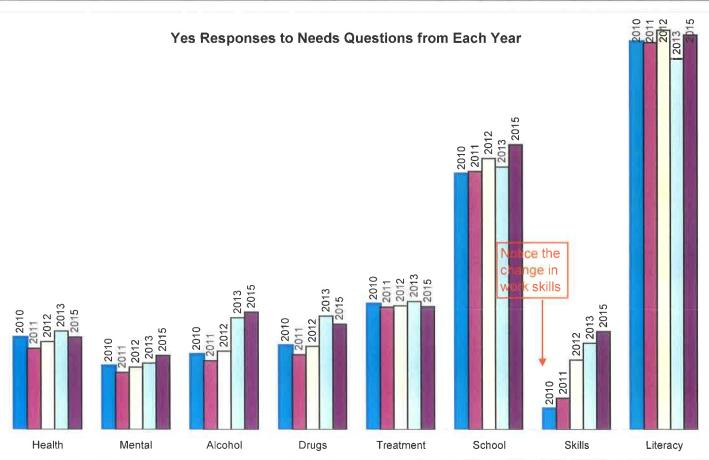
□ TalkingPoint! These numbers represent the percentage of inmates in population who admit these needs to a classification officer. This information is based on the self report of the inmates during their classification interviews this year. It is not based on a clinical assessment and the report is not verified independently. This reflects an inmate's "admission" only. Not all inmates honestly report their needs at the classification interview. All inmates who stay in jail longer than 3 days are given a classification interview.



Inmate Needs Reported in Prior Years

Offenders' Needs Remain Steady

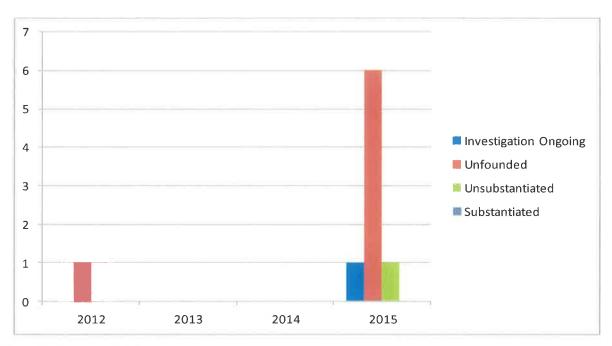
Question:	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
1. HEALTH ISSUES: Does this inmate report having any unresolved medical issues which would require you to contact medical, or does this inmate have any health problems that would affect their housing?	22.9%	20.2%	21.9%	24.5%	24.4%	23.0%
2. MENTAL STABILITY: Does this inmate have mental health problems, including suicidal ideation, that would affect their housing?	15.8%	14.2%	15.5%	16.5%	16.7%	18.4%
3. ALCOHOL ABUSE: Does the inmate admit to having an alcohol problem, or does the inmate appear to have an alcohol problem in your judgement?	18.7%	17.1%	19.5%	27.8%	19.9%	29.2%
4. DRUG ABUSE: Does the inmate admit to a drug problem, or does the inmate appear to have a problem with drugs in your judgement?	20.9%	18.6%	20.7%	28.2%	20.4%	26.2%
5. PAST TREATMENT: Does the inmate indicate past treatment for their drug or alcohol problem? If so, record where, when, and if they are interested in continuing treatment.	31.3%	30.5%	30.8%	31.9%	29.1%	30.6%
6. EDUCATIONAL HISTORY: Does the inmate have a GED or a high school diploma? If not, is the inmate interested in continuing their education in the main jail or honor camp?	63.7%	64.3%	67.5%	65.4%	69.3%	71.0%
7. VOCATIONAL SKILLS: Does the inmate have a marketable skill or trade that is used to support himself and his family? (Answer "Yes" if this is true, and "No" if is the inmate has no skills, limited training, or little or no employment history.)	5.2%	7.8%	17.3%	21.5%	26.8%	24.4%
8. LITERACY: Can this inmate read and write the English language?	96.7%	96.4%	99.5%	92.4%	96.2%	98.3%



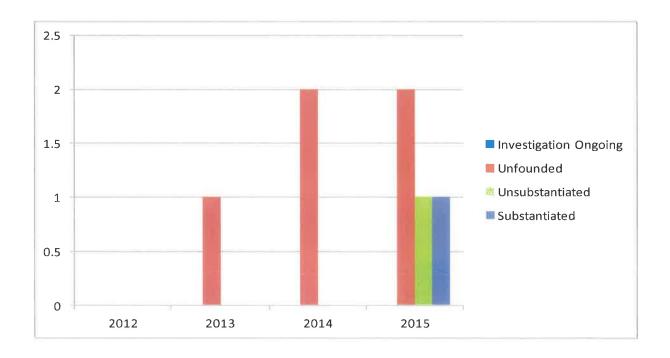
Prison Rape Elimination Act

Sexual Abuse Incident Review

Staff Misconduct Reported



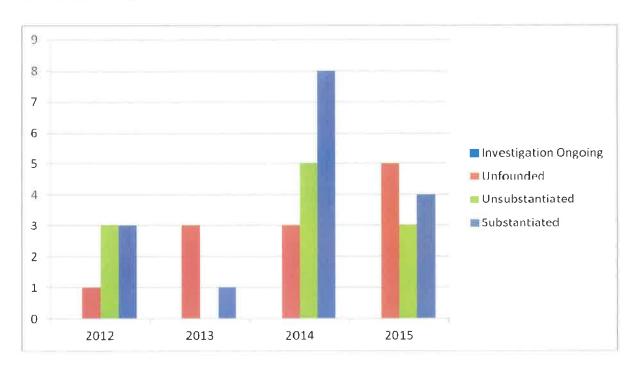
Staff Sexual Harassment



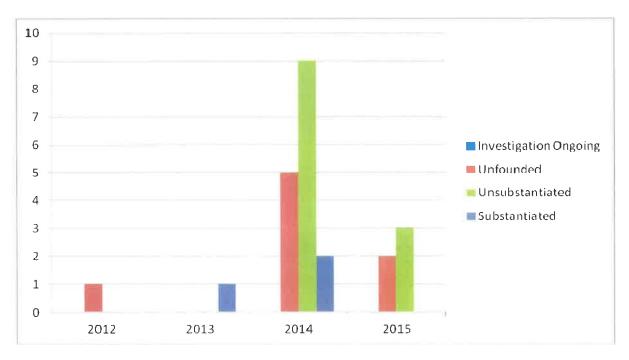
Prison Rape Elimination Act

Sexual Abuse Incident Review

Inmate on Inmate Sexual Harassment



Inmate on Inmate Non-Consensual Acts



Prison Rape Elimination Act

Sexual Abuse Incident Review

Closing

In 2012, the jail implemented the Sexual Abuse Incident Review system per PREA standard 115.86. Under this standard, the Division must conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded. Such review will ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation. The review team will include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners. The jail administration will implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so.

Review Criteria:

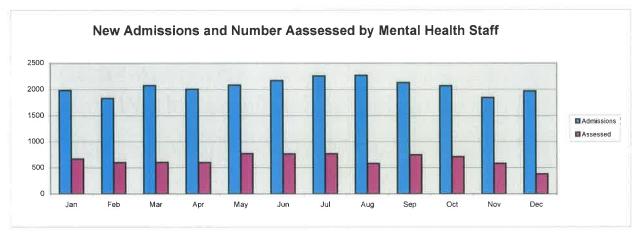
- Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practices to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse
- 2. Consider whether the alleged incident was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; or gang affiliation; or was motivated or otherwise caused by other group dynamics at the facility.
- 3. Examine the area in the facility where the allegation occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area my enable abuse
- 4. Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts
- 5. Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff
- Prepare a report of its findings, add any recommendations for improvement, and submit such report to the facility head and PREA Coordinator.

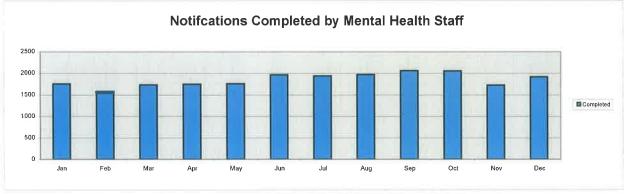
In all of the allegations that were reviewed, it was clear that staff have implemented training that has been occurring since PREA requirements. All investigations were done in a quick manner and all complaints were addressed immediately upon their receipt. Continued training to all staff has focused on PREA requirements and staff obligations for reporting and victim care, then preserve and protect the scene until the appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence. Additionally, a new reporting system (jail management system) is being implemented to better track and report incidents.

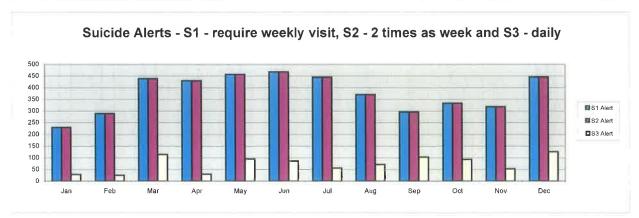
A Special Thanks to Lt. Lisa Plowman, the PREA Coordinator, who through her hard work was able to provided the information on the previous three pages.

Work Completed by Mental Health Staff

Month	Book In's	Assessed	SMI Id'ed	In Services	Psyc med	Discharge Plan	Seen at Release
Jan	1982	668	77	28	335	85	53
Feb	1832	601	82	43	319	117	62
Mar	2077	603	106	50	344	131	75
Apr	2004	600	98	48	363	125	76
May	2086	772	86	48	354	100	61
Jun	2170	767	105	48	397	131	74
Jul	2256	770	105	64	452	133	79
Aug	2269	584	128	58	357	142	89
Sep	2131	747	96	50	369	96	69
Oct	2071	710	109	55	433	122	84
Nov	1845	583	68	32	391	77	50
Dec	1970	383	77	43	379	76	47







Mental Health 64

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